

REPUBLIC OF NAMIBIA











REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON THE ACCOUNTS OF THE

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FORESTRY AND TOURISM

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

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REPUBLIC OF NAMIBIA



TO THE HONOURABLE SPEAKER OF THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

I have the honour to submit herewith my report on the accounts of the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 in terms of Article 127(2) of the Namibian Constitution. The report is transmitted to the Honourable Minister of Finance in terms of Section 27(1) of the State Finance Act, 1991, (Act 31 of 1991) to be laid upon the Table of the National Assembly in terms of Section 27(4) of the Act.

WINDHOEK, MARCH 2022

JUNIAS ETUNA KANDJEKE AUDITOR-GENERAL



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_DEFINITIONS

DEFINITIONS	
Treasury:	Financial authority in public service. (The department of Government that has control over the collection management and disbursement of public revenue).
Vote:	Represents an Office/Ministry/Agency.
Appropriation Act:	Estimate of expenditure and revenue for a particula financial year presented to the National Assembly, the Acpassed by Parliament.
Appropriation Account:	Government Income and Expenditure statement, showing on receipt side the estimated budgeted amounts and on expenditure side the actual expenditure amounts and the difference thereof.
Standard sub-division:	Government Balance account, showing balances incurred on each account/activity.
Suspension:	Reduction on budget (Treasury may from time to time withhold or suspend any amount in an estimate of expenditure).
Virement:	Moving of budgeted funds from one account to another account within the same budget of the same office/ministry/agency. The utilization of a saving under one main division/sub division of a vote to defray an excess under another existing division of the same vote.
Unauthorised Expenditure:	Expenditure that exceeds the amount appropriated (budgeted) for a vote, main division or subdivision.
Under expenditure:	Saving on the budget.
Miscellaneous Revenue:	All revenue collected and not having a specified revenue code.
Commitments:	Funds reserved to acquire goods or services from a supplier.
Suspense accounts:	Is an account opened in the books of Government that records movement of transactions of a temporarily nature, for example salary deductions of housing instalments.
S&T Advance Suspense Account:	A suspense account reflecting the outstanding subsistence and travel advances.
Rejection Account:	A suspense account reflecting names and balances of all persons/companies that owe the money to the State.
Budget:	Is an estimation of the revenue and expenses over a specified future period of time.
ubsistence Advance:	Payment given in advance to an employee to reimburse accommodation, meal and incidental expenses, while on an official assignment.
erformance Information:	Measurement of an individual, group, organization, system or component which is collected, analysed and reported. (Includes Strategic plans, annual plans, performance agreements and personal development plans). performance agreements and personal development plans)

Key performance indicator (KPI):	A measurable value used to monitor and demonstrates how effectively an organization is achieving key business objectives.
International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs):	Professional standards and best practice guidelines for public sector auditors, officially authorised and endorsed by the International Organisation of Supreme Audit Institutions (INTOSAI).
Types of Audit Opinions:	Unqualified Opinion. In an unqualified report, the auditors conclude that the financial statements of your O/M/A's present fairly its affairs in all material aspects.
	Qualified Opinion. An auditor's report is qualified when there is either a limitation of scope in the auditor's work, or when there is a disagreement with management regarding application, acceptability or adequacy of accounting policies.
	Disclaimer Opinion . Auditors do not express an opinion on the financial position of a firm because they have not completed an examination of its accounts or the examination is not broad enough in scope to enable them to form an opinion.
	Adverse Opinion. The Financial statements of an O/M/A's do not fairly present its actual financial position and the required information was either not disclosed, or (if disclosed) was inadequately disclosed or was inaccurate.
Reasonable Assurance	It is when the audit conclusion is expressed positively, conveying that, in the auditor's opinion, the subject matter is or is not compliant in all material respects or, where relevant, that the subject matter information provides a true and fair view, in accordance with the applicable criteria.
Limited Assurance	It is when the audit conclusion states that, based on the procedures performed; nothing has come to the auditor's attention to cause the auditor to believe that the subject matter is not in compliance with the criteria.
Direct reporting engagement	It is when an auditor measures or evaluates the subject matter against the criteria. The auditor is responsible for producing the subject matter information. The auditor selects the subject matter and criteria, taking into consideration risk and materiality. By measuring the subject matter evidence against the criteria, the auditor is able to form a conclusion.

Attestation engagement	It is when a responsible party (the entity) measures the subject matter against the criteria and presents the subject matter information, on which you, the auditor, then gather sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide a reasonable basis for forming a conclusion.
Subject matter	Refers to the information, condition or activity that is measured or evaluated against certain criteria.

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON THE ACCOUNTS OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FORESTRY AND TOURISM FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1. SECTION A: FINANCIAL AUDIT

1.1 UNQUALIFIED AUDIT OPINION

I have audited the financial statements of the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism for the financial year ended 31 March 2021, provided by the Accounting Officer as attached in Annexure A. These financial statements comprise the Appropriation account, Standard subdivisions, Departmental revenue, notes to the financial statements and general information for the year ended 31 March 2021.

In my opinion, the financial statements of the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism as at 31 March 2021 are prepared in all material respects in accordance with Section 12 and 13 of the State Finance Act, 1991(Act 31 of 1991) and relevant legislation.

1.2 BASIS FOR UNQUALIFIED AUDIT OPINION

I conducted my audit in accordance with International Standards for Supreme Audit Institutions. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the entity in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Supreme Audit Institutions together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Namibia, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my unqualified opinion.

1.3 KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, were of most significance in my audit of the financial statements of the current period. I have no key audit matters to report on.

1.4 EMPHASIS OF MATTERS

Attention is drawn to the management on the following matters that relate to my responsibility in the audit of the financial statements, as disclosed by the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism in the financial statements. My opinion is not modified in respect of these matters:

1.4.1 Livestock

The Accounting Officer reported eighteen (18) horses and six (6) other livestock but did not specify the other livestock.

It is recommended that the Accounting Officer should indicate the type of other livestock for audit purposes.

Management comment

In his comment, the Accounting Officer indicated that the six other livestock reported are horses that died. The Ministry is in the process to get the relevant documents from the State Veterinarian.

1.4.2 Suspensions

The audit found an amount of N\$ 2 000 000 in the Appropriation account under Main division 22 which does not have an appropriated amount, which is contrary to Treasury Instruction DF 0201 which states that "Budgetary suspensions refers to the reduction by the Treasury of an amount mentioned in the estimate of expenditure".

It was further observed a difference of N\$ 2 346 075.48 between the amount in the Appropriation account under-expenditure/(Excess) which is N\$ 27 428 271.58 and standard subdivision amount of N\$ 29 774 347.06.

Management comments

The Ministry came to notice about the suspensions of N\$ 2 000 000 only during the reporting. There were no documents provided to the Ministry regarding such amount. The Ministry of Finance is looking into this matter.

1.5 OTHER INFORMATION

Management is responsible for the other information. My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. I do not have any other information to report on.

2. SECTION B: COMPLIANCE AUDIT AND AUDIT OF PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

2.1 COMPLIANCE TO LAWS AND REGULATIONS

SUBJECT MATTER: FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE AND THE USE OF APPROPRIATED FUNDS

I have audited the financial statements of the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism for the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

2.2 DESCRIPTION OF THE SUBJECT MATTER INFORMATION AND AUDIT SCOPE

The audit aimed to determine whether the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism used the appropriated funds in compliance with Appropriation Act, 2020 (Act 4 of 2019); Appropriation Amendment Act, 2020 (Act 8 of 2020); State Finance Act, 1991 (Act 31 of 1991), Public Procurement Act, 2015 (Act 15 of 2015); Treasury Instructions and Public Procurement Regulation during the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

2.3 AUDIT OBJECTIVE

The objective of this compliance audit is to verify and assess whether the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism has complied with all laws and regulations that have an impact on the financial statements in accordance with the ISSAIS. This audit is an attestation engagement where the Ministry presented the subject matter information on which the auditor then gathered sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide reasonable assurance in forming an opinion. In forming an opinion, the findings and recommendations are taken into consideration.

In addition, the objective of this audit is to verify and assess whether public funds have been used appropriately and lawfully, and to report issues of non-compliance so that corrective action is taken and compliance to laws and regulations is strengthened.

2.4 AUDIT CRITERIA

The audit criteria of this compliance audit are derived from the following laws and regulations stated below:

- Appropriation Act, 2020 (Act 4 of 2020);
- Appropriation Amendment Act, 2020 (Act 8 of 2020);
- State Finance Act, 1991 (Act 31 of 1991);
- Public Procurement Act, 2015 (Act 15 of 2015);
- Treasury Instructions; and
- Public Procurement Regulations.

2.5 SUMMARY OF METHODS APPLIED

I have audited the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 submitted by the Accounting Officer in order to determine whether this information complied with laws and regulations that governs them.

2.6 KEY AUDIT FINDINGS

2.6.1 Unauthorized expenditure

The following unauthorized expenditure occurred during the financial year under review and is hereby reported as such in terms of Section 27 (6) (a) of the State Finance Act, 1991 (Act 31 of 1991):

- i) One (1) main division was exceeded with an amount totalling to N\$ 98 827.00. This amount is unauthorised in terms of Section 6(a)(ii) of the State Finance Act, 1991 (Act 31 of 1991).
- ii) Although Treasury approvals were obtained to utilise certain expected savings for the defrayal of excess expenditure through virements during the year, four (4) operational subdivisions were exceeded by an amount totalling N\$ 277 804.57, which is unauthorised in terms of Section 6(a)(iii) of the State Finance Act, 1991.

It is recommended that the Accounting Officer should closely monitor and review the financial position of the Ministry on a continuous basis to enable better financial control, and take appropriate action timeously to avoid unauthorized expenditure.

Management comment

The Accounting Officer indicated that the Ministry will ensure that the internal procedures and control measures are followed in order to avoid unauthorised expenditures.

2.6.2 Outstanding subsistence and travel advances

Treasury Instruction FD 0702 state that "Accounting Officers should keep auxiliary registers (superfluous) to enable them to reconcile the suspense account placed under their controls with the ledger account".

The Accounting Officer reported a total outstanding balance of N\$ 193 862.28 on Daily Subsistence Allowance (DSA) at 31 March 2021, as reflected on the debit balance list and a closing balance of N\$ 436 812.05 on the S&T Advance Suspense Account resulting in a difference of N\$ 242 949.77.

It is recommended that the Accounting Officer should ensure that difference between the S&T Advance Suspense Account and the debit balance amount are cleared.

Management comment

The Accounting Officer indicated that the difference was caused by the migration from the old funds control system to the new current IFMS system.

2.6.3 Annual stocktaking

Treasury Instruction K A 0901 states that "Stores, equipment and livestock shall be subjected to stock taking at least once each financial year and the Accounting Officer shall submit the report thereon (as intended in T.I. K and A0905) to Treasury for approval as soon as possible after the stock taking, but in case within 30 days after the end of financial year concerned." In addition, Office of the Prime Minister issued a directive No.1 of 2018 which states that "Staff members in regional offices of OMAs must be trained to conduct stock control in their respective regions. Staff members should not travel from the head-office or from one region to another, to conduct stock at regional level".

The Accounting Officer reported that due to a lack of funds, the Ministry was unable to conduct stocktaking during the year under review.

The Accounting Officer should ensure that stocktaking is conducted by staff members at Regional Offices as per the PM Administrative Directive number 1 of 2018.

Management comment

The Accounting Officer indicted that the Ministry is facing a dilemma to implement the PM administration directive due to the fact that Ministry of Finance did not conduct stock control training and also due to budgetary constraints.

2.6.4 Stores and depots

Treasury Instruction KA1301 states that "records for stores; equipment or livestock shall be kept promptly and documentary evidence in support of entries shall be filled properly".

The Accounting Officer reported a closing balance of N\$ 54 109 432.19, a surplus of N\$ 47 450.00 and shortages to a total amount of N\$ 114 810.00 at 31 March 2021, but did not submit the supporting documents. As such the correctness of this statement could not be verified.

The Accounting Officer should ensure that all supporting documents are submitted for audit purposes.

Management comment

The Accounting Officer indicated that the Ministry did not conduct any stocktaking for 2019/2020 and 2020/2021 hence no document could be submitted.

2.7 UNQUALIFIED AUDIT OPINION ON THE SUBJECT MATTER

In my opinion, the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism's financial performance and use of appropriated funds is in compliance, in all material respects, with the State Finance Act, 1991 (Act 31 of 1991), Public Procurement Act, 2015 (Act 15 of 2015) Treasury Instructions, Public Procurement Regulations and Appropriation Act, 2020 (Act 4 of 2020) and Appropriation Amendment Act, 2020 (Act 8 of 2020).

3. AUDIT OF PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

I have audited the performance information of the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism for the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

3.1 Description of the subject matter information and audit Scope

A Performance Management System (PMS) is as a systematic process for achievement and improvement in obtaining results from an organization and its staff members by managing performance within an agreed framework consisting of objectives, outputs, key performance indicators (KPIs) and timeliness.

The primary function of the PMS is to enable Offices, Ministries and Agencies (OMAs) to achieve success in National Development Plans (NDP) and provide improvements in service delivery to the public.

The scoping of the key performance indicators was performed, by looking at the high-level statements, which are indicated in the Mandate of the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism and the 2017-2022 Strategic Plan. Key performance indicators were selected based on what would be significant to the intended users and their usefulness in assessing the entity's achievements in terms of its service performance objectives.

3.2 Audit objective

The objective of the Key Performance Indicator (KPI) audit is to provide assurance on whether the reported performance information measured against key performance indicators is useful, reliable and evidence-based. Key performance indicators also provide the basis for the (OMAs) to inform the Parliament, the public and other stakeholders on its strategic priorities, programs, and projects.

Additional objective of this audit is also to provide reasonable assurance to Parliament, members of the general public and other relevant stakeholders whether the reported actual performance has actually occurred and are based on the selected criteria.

3.3 Audit criteria

In this audit the performance information against the following selected criteria was tested:

- Compliance with legislative requirements,
- Usefulness:
- Reliability;
- Existence:
- Timeliness:
- Presentation;
- Measurability;
- Relevance:
- Consistency;
- Validity;
- Accuracy; and
- Completeness.

3.4 Summary of methods applied

The auditor reviewed the annual plan and the directorate quarterly reviews to confirm whether the Strategic Plan objectives, targets and KPIs have been correctly cascaded to the Annual Plan and the selected key performance indicators for the year under review are reported in the Annual Performance Report/ Annual plan review/Directorate quarterly reports.

Furthermore, the auditor conducted interviews and reviewed documents to obtain information that pertains to the selected key performance indicators.

3.5 Conclusion on the subject matter

The audit revealed a satisfactory outcome and all sub-criteria of the selected key performance indicators are reliable and useful to the public and stakeholders.

4. RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Section 12 & 13 of the State Finance Act, 1991, (Act 31 of 1991) and legislation, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible of overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

The management is also responsible for ensuring adherence to the Appropriation Act, 2020 (Act 2 of 2020); Appropriation Amendment Act, 2020 (Act 3 of 2020); State Finance Act, 1991 (Act 31 of 1991), Public Procurement Act, 2015 (Act 15 of 2015); Treasury Instructions and Public Procurement Regulations and to ensure that effective and efficient internal controls are implemented to enable compliance to the law that governs the performance information.

5. AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue and auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the International Standards for Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs), will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

My powers and duties towards auditing and reporting on the financial statements and compliance to the subject matters are outlined under Section 25 (1) (c), Section 26 (1) and Section 27 (3) of the State Finance Act, 1991 (Act 31 of 1991).

As part of an audit in accordance with the International Standards for Supreme Audit Institutions, I exercise professional scepticism throughout the audit, I also;

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
 resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
 intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies uses and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence, obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

- I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical
 requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that
 may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or, when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.
- It is also my responsibility is to express an opinion on whether the financial performance and the use of appropriated funds is, in all material respect is in compliance with the Appropriation Act, 2020 (Act 2 of 2020), Appropriation Amendment Act, (Act 3 of 2020), State Finance Act, 1991 (Act 31 of 1991), Public Procurement Act, 2015 (Act 15 of 2015), Treasury Instructions and Public Procurement Regulations. I have conducted the audit in accordance with International Standards for Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). Those standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the audited entity is in compliance with the authorities that govern the audited entity in the execution of its roles and responsibilities.

6. GENERAL INFORMATION

The financial statements, notes to the financial statements and general information provided by the Accounting Officer are attached as Annexure A. The accounts were submitted timeously by the Accounting Officer to the Auditor-General.

7. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The co-operation and assistance by the management and staff of the Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism during the audit is appreciated.

WINDHOEK, MARCH 2022

JUNIAS ETUNA KANDJEKE AUDITOR-GENERAL

1. AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1.1 Appropriation accou		2020/2021				2019/2020
				Variation	s	
Carridge		Authorised expenditure	Actual expenditure	Under- expenditure/ (Excess)	Percent	Actual expenditure
Service	N\$	N\$	N\$	N\$	%	N\$
	IN D	14.0	1.14			
1. Office of the Minister:	3 734 000					
Original budget	(321 640)		1	1	i.	00
Plus: Virement	(964 500)	2 447 860	2 383 597.12	64 262.88	2.63	3 699 733.99
Less: Suspension	(904 300)	2 711 001				
02. Administration, Finance and Human Resources						
(DAFHR):	84 248 000					
Original budget	13 766 312					
Plus: Virement	(1 024 500)	96 989 812	96 108 599.32	881 212.68	0.91	88 268 506 .60
Less: Suspension	(1024 300)	70 707 012				
03. Wildlife and National Parks:		ì				
Original budget	208 450 000					
Plus: Virement	5 244 767			770 878.22	0.37	205 630 986.1
Less: Suspension	(5 434 000)	208 260 767	207 489 888.78	770878.22	0.57	203 030 700.11
04. Scientific Services:		1				
Original budget	25 628 000					
Less: Virement	(2 329 542)				1.06	23 842 482.0
Less: Suspension	(1 074 500)	22 223 958	21 809 970.45	413 987.55	1.86	23 042 402.0
05. Tourism and Gaming:				ļ		
Original budget	18 157 000	\				
Less: Virement	(1 224 241)				(0.61)	23 716 106.6
Less: Suspension	(700 000)	16 232 759	16 331 586.00	(98 827.00)	(0.61)	25 /10 100.0
06. Environmental Affairs:		•				
Original budget	20 091 000					
Less: Virement	(530 616)					20.000.510
Less: Suspension	(1 075 000)	18 485 384	18 323 490.53	161 893.47	0.88	30 228 519.
2000 to to-p	(20/0 000)					
07. Directorate of Planning					1	
and Technical Services:						
Original budget	93 538 000					
Less: Virement	(602 000)		ma	20 271 406 20	22.88	55 162 896.
Less: Suspension	(2 163 500)	90 772 500	70 001 013.62	20 771 486.38	22.00	JJ 102 070.

ANNEXURE A (continued)

2020/2021					2019/2020	
Service		Authorised expenditure	Actual expenditure	Under- expenditure/ (Excess)	Percent	Actual
08. Forestry:	N\$	N\$	N\$	N\$	%	expenditure N\$
Original budget Less: Virement Less: Suspension	130 667 000 (14 003 040) (4 900 000)	111 763 960	105 300 582,60	6 463 377.40	5.78	105 285 000.46
22. Administration:		1				
Less: Suspension Total	(2 000 000)	(2 000 000)		(2 000 000)	-	_
		565 177 000	537 748 728.42	27 428 271.58	4.85	430 549 230.99

	2020/20	21		2019/2020
	Authorized	Actual expenditure	Under expenditure/ (Excess)	Actual
Subdivision	expenditure N\$	N\$	N\$	N\$
Operational:	ΙΛΦ			
Current expenditure: Personnel	325 187 070	323 885 551.16	1 301 518.84	243 039 665.17
001. Remuneration	36 666 460	36 473 209.57	193 250.43	28 897 333.16
002. Employer's contribution to the GIPF	8 154 000	8 141 463.11	12 536.89	7 011 814.90
003. Other conditions of service	1 329 470	1 309 391.77	20 078.23	899 649.04
005. Employers contribution to the Social Security	371 337 000	369 809 615.61	1 527 384.39	279 848 462.27
Total =	3/1 337 000	30,00,000		
Current expenditure: Goods and other services			20, 450, 25	13 572 198.71
021. Travel and subsistence allowance	14 504 000	14 481 527.65	22 472.35	
022. Materials and supplies	0 038 000	2 747 998.08	290 001.92	1 878 571.35
022. Waterials and supplies 023. Transport	26 361 000	26 031 085.91	329 914.09	32 977 613.63
024. Utilities	43 024 536	42 607 536.95	416 999.05	25 776 012.48
025. Maintenance expenses	2 022 885	1 731 152.34	291 732.66	1 454 292.4
026. Property rental and related charges	61 791	61 790.76	0.24	236 174.2
027. Other services and expenses	1 707 690	1 512 487.83	195 202.17	876 013.4
028. Training course, symposiums and workshop	-	-	-	12 400.0
029. Printing and advertisements	-	-	-	422 556.7
031. Entertainment Politicians		-	-]	28 921.0
033. Office refreshments	-	-	-	17 434.1
040. Security contracts	-	<u>-</u>		574 048.8
Total	90 719 902	89 173 579.52	1 546 322.48	77 826 237.0
Current expenditure: Membership fees				
and subscription				- 460 546 5
041. Fees and subscriptions: International	2 430 643	2 384 265.43	46 377.57	2 460 546.7
042. Membership fees and subscriptions: domestic	662 540	662 539.79	0.21	510 000.0
Total	3 093 183	3 046 805.22	46 377.78	<u>2 970 546.7</u>
Current expenditure: Subsidies, grants and other transfers				
045. Public and Departmental Enterprises and Private Industries	7 445 000	7 445 000.00		

ANNEXURE A (continued)

	T			
		2020/2021	r	2019/2020
	Authorized	Actual	Under expenditure/	Actual
Subdivision	expenditure	expenditure	(Excess)	
	N\$	N\$	N\$	expenditure N\$
053. Subsidies for state owned enterprises	_			
Total	7 445 000	7 445 000.00		23 000 000.00 23 000 000.00
Capital expenditure: Acquisition of assets				25 000 000.00
101. Furniture and office equipment	571 770	571 769.05	0.05	
103. Operational equipment, machinery and plants	360 745	358 241.87	0.95	
Total	932 515	930 010.92	2 503.13	69 902.53
Total: Operational Expenditure	473 527 600	470 405 011.27	2 504.08 3 122 588.73	69 902.53
Development:			5 122 366,73	383 715 148.63
Current expenditure: Goods and other services				
022. Materials and supplies		_	ľ	1 000 1 - 1
032. Other services and expenses	10 994 000	4 953 070.17	6 040 929.83	1 398 174.86
035. Maintenance expenses	-		0 040 929.63	4.00# 400 ##
037. Other services and expenses	4 091 000	1 849 760.91	2 241 239.09	4 037 409.57
Total	15 085 000	6 802 831.08	8 282 168.92	
Capital expenditure: Acquisition of assets		302 004,00	0 202 100,92	<u>5 435 584.43</u>
113. Operational equipment, machinery and plants	7 719 700	6 669 475.71	1 050 224.29	
115. Feasibility studies, design and supervision	10 702 000	9 323 465.95		2.150.50
106. Purchase of land and intangible assets	-	7 323 103,93	1 378 534.05	3 170 304.29
117. Construction, renovation & improvement	60 142 700	44 547 944.41	15 504 755 50	5 476 102.20
Total	78 564 400	60 540 886.07	15 594 755.59	32 752 091.44
Total Development expenditure	93 649 400		18 023 513.93	41 398 497,93
GRAND TOTAL		67 343 717.15	26 305 682.85	46 834 082.36
	1 567 177 000	537 748 728,42	29 774 347.06	430 549 230.99

¹ See paragraph 1.4.2

1.3 Departmental revenue

Revenue collected for the year is as follows:

Revenue collected for the year is as follows		Actual revenue 2020/2021	More/(Less) than estimated	Actual revenue 2019/2020
Revenue head	Estimate		N\$	N\$
Annual levy on gambling income Miscellaneous Departmental fines Park entrance fees Registration of professional hunters Registration of culling team Film fees Tourist concessions Gambling licences fees Wildlife registration and licenses Wildlife utilization permits Sale of bidding documents Removal of gambling house application Sale of forestry products	N\$ 19 000 000 100 000 1 000 40 000 000 150 000 150 000 1 500 000 4 000 000 2 000 000 15 000 10 000 300 000	N\$ 5 761 410.47 430 189.04 1 200.00 7 299 805.00 172 400.00 60 300.00 751 736.58 2 690 695.40 498 681.00 1 454 245.00 82 600.00 34 000.00 1 414 288.85	(13 238 589.53) 330 189.04 200.00 (32 700 195.00) 22 400.00 (89 700.00) (748 263.42) (1 309 304.60) 498 681.00 (545 755.00) 67 600.00 (66 000.00) 1 114 288.85	39 796 798.65 765 359.79 2 200.00 73 058 889.56 170 350.00 9 900.00 421 260.00 3 055 541.89 5 049 078.02 764 285.00 3 502 510.00 67 250.00 10 000.00
Sale of trophies Permit fees	1 200 000	1 592 683.55	392 683.55	2 300.00 190.00
Commission fees Total	68 526 000	22 254 834.89	(46 271 165.11)	126 676 412.91

Notes to the financial statements

Appropriation account: Explanations of variations exceeding 2% between the authorized and 1.4.1 actual expenditure

Underexpenditure

Main division 01 - Office of the Minister (N\$ 64 262.88 -2.63%)

The underexpenditure was due to budgeted vacancies that was not filled as the human resource division was overwhelmed with work load and also due to restrictions of Covid-19 lockdown.

Some activities including official trips were cancelled due to the Covid-19 pandemic, hence, the variance.

Main division 07- Directorate of Planning and Technical Services (N\$ 20 771 486.38 -22.88%)

The high rate of underspending has been experienced under capital projects. The unavailability of materials and parts locally especially for heavy equipment made it difficult to procure from South Africa due to Covid-19 restrictions.

Two (2) projects (Lot A & B) were advertised for fencing conservation areas, however, only Lot A was awarded and completed. Lot B was objected and subsequently cancelled due to validity of bids.

There were some delays in the appointment of the contractor to commence with the project of providing water to game. The project could also not be completed on time due to rain.

Some of the projects could not commence due to delays, such as Covid-19 restrictions, assessments and feasibilities, documentation that was submitted late and could not be done on time.

Some projects were completed towards the end of the financial year and the payments could not be finalized before the cut-off date.

Main division 08 - Forestry (N\$ 6 463 377.40 -5.78%)

The variation was mostly caused by the imposed lockdown restrictions which have negatively impacted capital projects performance.

1.4.2 Departmental revenue: Explanations of deviations exceeding N\$ 200 000

(i) Under-estimation

Miscellaneous (N\$ 330 189.04)

An amount of N\$ 100 000.00 was estimated but N\$ 430 189.04 was collected which resulted in a surplus of N\$ 330 189.04. The variation was mainly due to the 2019/2020 debit acceptance orders that were finalised during the financial year under review.

Wildlife registration and licenses (N\$ 498 681.00)

There was an oversight on the estimation of wildlife registration and licenses during the year under review, however, revenue amounting to N\$ 498 681.00 was collected.

Permit fees (N\$ 392 683.55)

The variance occurred due to the following:

- Increased forestry extension and law enforcement-led to high public awareness of the need to acquire the forest permits.
- Covid-19 created economic situations that compelled people to switch from using more electricity to
 using more firewood which led to more firewood permits for own use. Moreover, job losses due to the
 Covid-19 effect prompted many people to venture into wood business to sustain their living which
 increased the demand of permits, thus, revenue generated increased too.
- There was an increase in in-transit permits which the Ministry does not have control over, for timber from neighbouring countries passing through Namibia to Asia and Middle East countries and in-transit permits are charged relatively more money.

- Addressing the problem of bush encroachment coupled with charcoal production authorisation and exportation increased the number of permits demanded and revenue, as charcoal business has been one of the few businesses that could be operated even during the Covid-19 pandemic.
- The Forestry directorate had decentralised and increased its offices and services to constituencies' level –
 this enhanced access to forestry information and office thereby justify demand.

Sale of forestry products (N\$ 1 114 288.85)

The variance occurred due to the following:

- Many seedlings were produced from existing nurseries.
- New nurseries were established and produced additional seedlings.
- The demand of seedlings by the public increased.
- Seedlings which were targeted to be planted at orchards were not all planted, and as a result they were sold instead of being planted.

ii) Over-estimation

Park entrance fees (N\$ 32 700 195.00)

The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the tourism sector in the world also affects Namibia. Travel and tourism are among the most affected sectors with a massive fall of international demand within global travel restrictions including many borders, hotels and lodges fully closed. Namibia was on lockdown too due to the pandemic.

The estimated revenue for Park Entrance fee was N\$ 40 000 000.00 but the only N\$7.2 million was collected in the financial year under review, due to the onset of Covid-19 Pandemic, hence the variance of N\$ 32 700 195.00 was occurred due to the mentioned crisis.

Tourist concessions (N\$ 748 263.42)

The variance under this item is due to the worsening economic conditions, exacerbated by the pandemic, which resulted in the arrival of fewer clients. The Ministry granted a 25% and 45% discount for tourism activity concessions and trophy hunting operators.

Wildlife utilization Permits (N\$ 545 755.00)

The variance is a result of the following:

- No revenue was received in April 2020 due to lockdown because of Covid-19.
- Periodic continuous national lockdowns resulted in a decrease in permit applications.
- Travel restrictions were internationally imposed which resulted in less trophy hunters visiting the country.

Annual Levy on Gambling Income (N\$ 13 238 589.53)

The correct estimation of this revenue head was N\$ 15 000 000.00 however an amount of N\$ 4 000 000.00 was wrongly added by Treasury. Treasury was notified on the matter but it was not corrected. This increased the variance to N\$ 13 238 589.53 instead of N\$ 9 238 589.53.

The variance was the result of exemption imposed on the payment of levies due to a court order. This order came into effect as from 01 October 2020, which instructed the Ministry not to charge any gambling/casino sector with the prescribed monthly levy of 10% per month until the new Gaming and Entertainment Control Act, 2018 comes into force.

Gambling license fees (N\$ 1 309 304.60)

The correct estimation of this revenue head was N\$ 2 000 000.00. However, an additional amount of N\$ 2 000 000.00 was wrongly added by Treasury. Treasury was notified on the matter, but it was not corrected. This caused the under collection of N\$ 1 309 304.60 instead of over collection of N\$ 2 690 695.40.

The Covid-19 pandemic cut gambling revenue in Namibia as it devastated the business, employees and communities across the country that rely on gaming's success such as live entertainment, meetings and conventions.

The variance to the amount of N\$ 1 309 304.60 was mostly caused by the current health regulations imposed on the gambling/casino sectors by way of the lockdown and time curfew measures put in place. This means that the premises remained closed for a very long time which contributed to none operations of the businesses and therefore a huge loss in revenue.

2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 Miscellaneous revenue

The Accounting Officer reported that Miscellaneous revenue was compiled as follows:

The Accounting Officer reported that Miscellaneous revenue was compiled a Description	Amount
Description	N\$
a.t. B	34 283.00
Salary Reversal	1 066.00
Housing Subsidy	1 750.00
Remote Allowance	640.00
Transport Allowance	613.32
Surplus	65 350.30
Personnel Expenditure Feb & March 2021	1 820.27
Housing allowance overpayment 2019/2020	20 323.49
Remission of debts by Government Officials Previous financial year	5 900.00
Housing Instalment Repayment	10 000.00
Housing allowance overpayment	51 517.04
Debit Acceptance Overtime Paid 2019 & Nov-20 March 2021	147 445.24
Office of the President	1 340.00
Resort collections (Accommodation)	20 842.83
EFT November 2020	20.00
Shortages	1 703.78
Bond Cancellation	1 050.00
Harvesting Permit (Rundu)	1 740.00
Tender Documents & Medical Aid Otjiwarongo Directorate of Forestry	62 320
Bank charges Standard Bank (Credit Card account)	400.00
Outapi Directorate of Forestry accommodation	30.00
SIM replacement	430 189.04
Total	430 189.04

2.2 Revenue outstanding

The Accounting Officer reported a balance of N\$ 22 140.00 at 31 March 2021 in respect of revenue outstanding.

2.3 Revenue written off

The Accounting Officer reported a balance of N\$ 969 918.19 at 31 March 2021 in respect of revenue written off as a result of debtors that could not be traced. Treasury approval was obtained.

2.4 Trust funds and bank accounts

The Accounting Officer reported funds kept in trust funds and bank accounts that were operated by the Ministry during the financial year under review at the following institutions:

Name	Financial institution	Balance as at 31 March 2021
Game Products Trust Fund Game Products Trust Fund Game Products Trust Fund Game Products Trust Fund Environment and Tourism National Lottery Trust Fund National Lottery Trust Fund Namibia Parks Project (Namparks 4) Namibia Parks Programme (Namparks 4) Namibia Parks Programme (Namparks 4) Namibia Parks V Community Conservation Fund of Namibia CCFN – Deposition Fund	Standard Bank First National Bank First National Bank Standard Bank Standard Bank Bank Windhoek Bank Windhoek First National Bank Standard Bank Standard Bank Standard Bank Standard Bank First National Bank	N\$ 17 414 114.51 1 491 721.47 15 908 622.33 6 485 373.70 2 770 748.68 614 756.48 1 908 975.47 10 884 928.91 512 159.78 4 408 900.60 30 205 876.26 616 963.92 1 074 356.84 12 185 070.60

2.5 Outstanding commitments

The Accounting Officer reported outstanding commitments in respect of Daily Subsistence Allowance to a total amount of N\$ 346 075.48 at 31 March 2021. The Accounting Officer stated that there were advances taken towards the end of the 2019/2020 financial year, of which the transactions were only posted in the 2020/2021 financial year. Furthermore, some of the amounts were committed but could not be posted in the year under review.

2.6. Outstanding subsistence advances

The Accounting Officer reported an outstanding balance of N\$ 193 862.28 at 31 March 2021.

ANNEXURE A (continued)

2.7 Capital projects (Internal funded)

During the financial year under review, the Accounting Officer reported the following in respect of capital projects:

Project name	Approved total budget	Total expenditure as at 31/03/2020	Approved appropriation 2020/2021	Actual expenditure 2020/2021	Total expenditure as at 31/03/2021	Expected year of completion
	N\$	N\$	N\$	N\$	N\$	
Construction and Extension of Staff Houses and Offices Namibian Parks	715 668 000	180 320 449.85	20 447 000	11 446 366.78	191 766 816.60	31-Mar-26
(NAMPARKS) financial contributions	105 000 000	3 150 000.00	4 000 000	4 000 000.00	7 150 000.00	31-Mar-30
Water Provision for Game	64 800 000	30 413 035.45	2 511 000	1 076 559.80	31 489 595.25	31-Mar-26
Fencing of Conservation Areas	336 774 000	273 594 295.25	16 126 000	10 205 721.06	283 800 016.30	31-Mar-25
Upgrading of Tourist Roads	362 571 000	170 092 927.14	34 865 000	31 292 531.11	201 385 458.20	31-Mar-25
Bush Value Chain Development Scheme	70 000 000	-	-	-	-	31-Mar-30
Bush Thinning and Ecosystem Rehabilitation	3 063 800 000	-	-	-	_	31-Mar-30
Integrated Forest Resource Management	1 174 372 000		11 950 000	6 317 073.13	li .	\
Wildlife Loan Scheme	58 300 000	-	999 400	999 400.00	999 400.00	31-Mar-25
Upgrading of sewerage and water supply system	142 672 000	88 983 921.87	2 751 000	2 006 065.67	90 989 987.54	31-Mar-2:
TOTAL	6 093 957 000	782 723 603.20	93 649 400	67 343 717.55	813 898 347.00	<u> </u>

2.8 Capital projects (External funded)

The Accounting Officer reported the following external funded projects:

Project name	Approved total budget	Total expenditure as at 31/03/2020	Approved appropriation 2020/2021	Actual expenditure 2020/2021	Total expenditure as at 31/03/2021	Expected year of completion
Namibian Parks	N\$	N\$	N\$	N\$	N\$	Completion
(NAMPARKS) financial contributions Bush Value Chain	210 000 000	49 107 141		-	49 107 141	31- Mar - 30
Development Scheme Bush Thinning and	17 000 000	-	17 000 000	.	-	31- Mar - 30
Ecosystem Rehabilitation Integrated Forest	36 998 000	-	36 998 000	-	-	31- Mar - 30
Resource Management	12 918 000		-	_		21 34 20
TOTAL	276 916 000	49 107 141	53 998 000	-	49 107 141	31- Mar - 30

2.9 Aircraft

The Accounting Officer reported that the Ministry operated four (4) aircrafts during the year under review. The Accounting Officer further reported that the Ministry spent N\$ 1 628 265.09 for wildlife survey, game spotting/capture, aerial patrols, anti-poaching patrols, park management, VIP flights and game census. A total amount of N\$ 736 223.02 was also incurred in respect of aircraft personnel, compiled as follows:

Description	Amount
D	N\$
Remuneration	647 927.07
DSA	
Overtime	29 974.00
	58 321.95
Total	736 2233.02

2.10 Donations to Government

The Accounting Officer reported that the Ministry received the following donations with the necessary Treasury approvals:

i) Foreign instances

Donor	Description	Amount
German Development Cooperation (GIZ) NamParks Programme IV NamParks IV	IT equipment Land Cruiser Prado Furniture and equipment	N\$ 24 147.51 545 177.05 577 318.99

ii) Other Governments

Donor	Description	Amount
		N\$
Government of the United States	4x Tracking and detection dogs	533 800.00

iii) Local instances

Donor	Description	Amount
Rooikat Trust The Hospitality Textile Supplies CC Edu Ventures Trust Standard Bank of Namibia Game Product Trust Fund Namibia Integrated Landscape Approach Namibia Forested Lands (NAFOLA) Project Community Based Natural Resource Management Project (CBNRM)	Lenovo Laptop and Idea pad Beddings and blankets IT equipment and furniture Toyota Land Cruiser Tractors and trailers Masks and Sanitizers Vehicles, Tractors and other equipment IT equipment	N\$ 9 999.00 47 183.71 86 381.84 814 845.00 3 153 000.00 299 370.00 3 549 741.88 445 996.81

2.11 Moveable property received within Government

The Accounting Officer reported that the Ministry received vehicles from the Ministry of Agriculture, Water and Land Reform to the value of N\$ 29 241 350.00.

2.12 Debt to Government

The Accounting Officer reported a balance of N\$ 366732.01 at 31 March 2021 in respect of debt to the Government.

2.13 Livestock

The Accounting Officer reported eighteen (18) horses and six (6) other livestock (not specified) valued at N\$ 27 000.00 and four (4) tracking and detection dogs valued at N\$ 533 800.00 on hand at 31 March 2021.

2.14 Annual stocktaking

The Accounting Officer indicated that stocktaking could not be conducted due to limited resources.

2.15 Stores and depots

The Accounting Officer reported a closing balance of N\$ 54 109 432.19, surplus of N\$ 47 450.00 and shortages of N\$ 114 810.00 at 31 March 2021.

2.16 Internal inspections

The Accounting Officer reported that the following internal inspections were conducted during the year under review:

Category	Number of inspection points	Number of points inspected
Financial (Revenue)	39	
Stock and equipment	81	_
Internal audit	58	22
Total	178	22

2.17 Vehicles on hand

The Accounting Officer reported the Ministerial fleet on hand at 31 March 2021 as follows:

2.17.1 Own fleet

On the state of th	Sedan vehicles	Pickups, combies	Heavy vehicles	Motor bikes	Others
Opening balance at 1 April 2020 Transfers Donations	37 6	284 112	149 21	30 23	10 20
Written off Balance 31 March 2021	(9) 34	(4) 395	(1) 175	53	5 (1) 34

2.17.2 Government Garage (Pool vehicles)

	Sedan vehicles	Pick-ups, combies	Heavy vehicles
Opening balance at 1 April 2020 Acquisitions	19	128	3
Returned Balance 31 March 2021	-		

2.18 Vehicle accidents

The Accounting Officer reported the following in respect of vehicle accidents:

Authorized use	Number
Authorized use	
Vehicles still needed to be repaired at 01 April 2020	14
Accidents reported (2020/2021)	18
	1
Burnt to ash Vehicles repaired during 2020/2021	(2)
Vehicles to be repaired at 31 March 2021	31
Vehicles to be repaired at 31 March 2021	

2.19 Deficits

The Accounting Officer reported deficits due to revenue shortages to a total amount of N\$ 13 550.00 at 31 March 2021.

2.20 Suspense accounts

The following six (6) suspense accounts had balances at 31 March 2021 of which five (5) had debit balances and one (1) had a credit balance:

D	Balance as at 31 March 2021 Debit/(Credit)
Description	N\$
Receipt suspense	221 952.63 436 812.05
S&T advance suspense account	30 889.16
Rejection account Bills payable	364 133.14
Electronic Fund Transfer clearing account	(42 148.00)
Standard Bank (Windhoek)	8 947.89

WINDHOEK, 29 OCTOBER 2021

TEOFILUS NGHITILA ACCOUNTING OFFICER