

REPUBLIC OF NAMIBIA











REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON THE ACCOUNTS OF THE

MUNICIPALITY OF OKAHANDJA

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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REPUBLIC OF NAMIBIA



TO THE HONOURABLE SPEAKER OF THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

I have the honour to submit herewith my report on the accounts of the Municipality of Okahandja for the financial year ended 30 June 2017, in terms of Article 127(2) of the Namibian Constitution. The report is transmitted to the Honourable Minister of Finance in terms of Section 27(1) of the State Finance Act, 1991, (Act 31 of 1991) to be laid upon the Table of the National Assembly in terms of Section 27(4) of the Act.

JUNIAS ETUNA KANDJEKE AUDITOR-GENERAL

WINDHOEK, June 2019

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REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON THE ACCOUNTS OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF OKAHANDJA FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1. ADVERSE AUDIT OPINION

I have audited the financial statements of the Municipality of Okahandja for the financial year ended 30 June 2017. These financial statements comprise the statement of financial position, detailed statement of income and expenditure, statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, because of the significance of the matters discussed in the Basis for Adverse Audit Opinion section of my report, the financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Municipality of Okahandja as at 30 June 2017, and its financial performance and its cash flow for the year then ended.

2. BASIS FOR ADVERSE AUDIT OPINION

I conducted my audit in accordance with International Standards for Supreme Audit Institutions. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the entity in accordance with code of ethics for Supreme Audit Institutions together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Namibia, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the code of ethics. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Adverse opinion is expressed due to the following:

- Overstatement of provision for bad debts of N\$ 9 893 723;
- No supporting documentation to verify the Natis claims of N\$ 3 727 992;
- No list available to verify Build together advances of N\$ 1 204 128;
- Depreciation was not charged on property, plant and equipment;
- No bank reconciliation was done on 30 June 2017;
- The Municipality is still working on a 2008 valuation roll;
- All services were charged on the 2015/2016 financial year tariffs; and
- No trade payables reconciliations were done.

3. KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, were of most significance in my audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

No key audit matters were observed during the year under review and in such I have nothing to report in this regard.

4. OTHER INFORMATION

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with the audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or the knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; I am required to report that fact.

I have nothing to report in this regard.

5. RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with legislation, and for such internal control as management determines it necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

6. AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the International Standards for Supreme Audit Institutions, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the International Standards for Supreme Audit Institutions, I exercise professional scepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies uses and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence, obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or, when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

7. REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (COMPLIANCE)

The financial statements were submitted by the Accounting Officer to the Auditor-General in compliance with Section 87(1) of the Local Authorities Act, 1992 except that they were only submitted to the Auditor-General on the 18 December 2018 instead of three months after the financial year-end.

WINDHOEK, June 2019

JUNIAS ETUNA KANDJEKE AUDITOR-GENERAL

THE MUNICIPALITY OF OKAHANDJA STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE

		2017	2016
	Note	N\$	N\$
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets		150 741 619	118 001 424
Property, plant and equipment	2	115 606 219	107 585 114
Investments	3	35 119 883	10 400 793
Loans	4	15 517	15 517
Current Assets		16 674 671	64 383 547
Trade and other receivables	5	16 604 651	64 313 527
Inventories	6	69 860	69 860
Bank and cash	7	160	160
TOTAL ASSETS		167 416 290	182 384 971
ELIMING AND LIADH IPPEG			
FUNDS AND LIABILITIES Funds and Reserves		137 488 258	61 292 804
	8 `	97 803 738	
Capital outlay Funds and accounts	8		95 791 586
runds and accounts	9	39 684 520	(34 498 782)
Non-Current Liabilities		807 290	1 765 223
Long-term liabilities	10	807 290	1 765 223
· ·	i		
Current Liabilities		29 120 742	119 326 944
Trade and other payables	11	13 742 127	59 609 395
Bank overdraft	7	15 378 615	59 717 549
TOTAL FUNDS AND LIABILITIES		167 416 290	182 384 971

ANNEXURE B

THE MUNICIPALITY OF OKAHANDJA STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE

		2017	2016
	Note	N\$	N\$
INCOME		77 006 342	137 187 462
EXPENDITURE		(79 562 133)	(162 332 464)
NET OPERATING DEFICIT		(2 555 791)	(25 145 002)
INVESTMENT INCOME		521 407	255 878
NET DEFICIT FOR THE YEAR		(2 034 384)	(24 889 124)

THE MUNICIPALITY OF OKAHANDJA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE

		2017	2016
	Note	N\$	N\$
Cash flow from operating activities			
Cash generated/(utilised) by operations	13	61 561 951	(33 928 501)
Investment income		521 407	255 878
Movement in Fund accounts:			
- Change in Fund accounts		13 941 552	(5 737 149)
- Change in Capital outlay		2 012 152	1 233 355
Net cash from operating activities		78 037 062	(38 176 417)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Net capital expenditure		(8 021 105)	(3 861 640)
Change in investments		(24 719 090)	(3 777 411)
		(32 740 195)	(7 639 051)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Change in long-term loans		(957 933)	(203 914)
		(957 933)	(203 914)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		44 338 934	(46 019 382)
Cash and cash equivalents – Beginning of year		(59 717 389)	(13 698 007)
Cash and cash equivalents - End of year	7	(15 378 455)	(59 717 389)

THE MUNICIPALITY OF OKAHANDJA NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Introduction

The annual financial statements set out in Annexures A to D were prepared on the historical cost basis and incorporate the following principal accounting policies, which are consistent in all material aspects with those applied in the previous year.

1.2 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost or valuation where assets have been acquired by grant or by donation, less depreciation written off over the expected useful lives as determined by the Council from time to time. Property, plant and equipment acquired with loan funds are not depreciated until the loan is repaid, unless the expected lifetime of the asset is less than the repayment period of the loan in which case depreciation is calculated on the shortfall.

1.3 Internal Funds

The following Funds were created by the Town Council:

1.3.1 Housing Fund

The purpose of this Fund is to provide for housing loans. Income to this Fund is transferred from the general income account, external loans from Government and interest on investments and loans.

1.3.2 Capital Reserve Fund

This Fund was created to make provision for unforeseen expenditures as approved by the Council.

2. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

2017	2016
N\$	N\$
115 606 219	107 585 114

THE MUNICIPALITY OF OKAHANDJA NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE (Continued)

	2017	2016
	N\$	N\$
3. INVESTMENTS - Commercial Banks	35 119 883	10 400 793
Capital Reserve Fund	10 095 768	1 556 151
Capital	894 748	8 844 642
Revenue - Cenored equity	24 129 367	-
4. LOANS RECEIVABLE	15 517	15 517
HOUSING FUND - Ervin and housing loans	15 517	15 517
5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	16 604 651	64 313 527
Services, rates and taxes	82 753 252	71 566 289
Other receivables	3 968 541	13 780 789
Build Together advances	1 204 128	1 230 025
VAT	9 652 064	12 576 915
Provision for bad debts	(80 973 334)	(34 840 491)
6. INVENTORIES	69 860	69 860
Fuel	69 860	69 860
7. CASH AND BANK BALANCES	(15 378 455)	(59 717 389)
Current account	(15 378 615)	(59 717 549)
Petty cash	160	160
	100	100
8. CAPITAL OUTLAY	97 803 738	95 791 586
Loans redeemed	15 165 939	13 318 919
Revenue contributions	30 273 106	30 107 974
General Capital contributions	52 364 693	52 364 693

ANNEXURE D

THE MUNICIPALITY OF OKAHANDJA NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE (Continued)

	2017	2016
	N\$	N\$
9. FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS	39 684 520	(34 498 782)
Capital Reserve Fund	106 038 042	92 169 108
Housing Fund	5 643 573	5 570 955
Revenue account kept in compliance with Section 86(1) of the		
Local Authority Act, 1992.	(71 997 095)	(132 238 845)
10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	807 290	1 765 223
The Government of Namibia	803 991	1 758 467
National Housing Enterprises	3 299	6 756
11. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	13 742 127	50 (00 205
1	3 834 569	59 609 395
Trade payables Loan instalments in arrear		50 326 212 1 586 268
Provisions	1 797 771	
	6 100 985	5 826 979
Consumer deposits Difference in Internal loans	1 997 638	1 841 763
Difference in Internal loans	11 164	28 173
12. ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROPRIATION ACCOUNT	62 276 134	(27 765 660)
Prior year adjustments	-	3 354 426
Adjustment to VAT	(3 471 512)	-
Leave pay and bad debts provision	(46 406 850)	(31 120 086)
Nampower debt transferred to Cenored	48 928 860	-
Cenored equity	24 129 367	-
Nampower payments not transferred in 2015/2016	30 257 104	-
Namfin corrections	(5 611 565)	-
Creditors adjustments	(844 077)	-
Cenored control account	14 014 931	-
Provision for interest and redemption on external loans	81 267	-
External loans outstanding	426 391	-
Unclaimed deposits	564 585	-
Receipts and other adjustments	207 633	_

ANNEXURE D

THE MUNICIPALITY OF OKAHANDJA NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE (Continued)

	2017	2016
	N\$	N\$
13. CASH GENERATED/(UTILISED) BY OPERATIONS		
Net operating deficit before transfers	(2 034 384)	(24 889 124)
Adjustments for:		
- Adjustments to appropriation account	62 276 134	(27 765 660)
- Investment income	(521 407)	(255 878)
OPERATING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) BEFORE CHANGES		
IN WORKING CAPITAL	59 720 343	(52 910 662)
CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL		
Change in trade and other receivables	47 708 876	(8 682 477)
Change in trade and other payables	(45 867 268)	27 664 638
	1 841 608	18 982 161
CASH GENERATED/(UTILISED) BY OPERATIONS	61 561 951	(33 928 501)