











REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON THE ACCOUNTS OF THE

MUNICIPALITY OF SWAKOPMUND

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022



REPUBLIC OF NAMIBIA



TO THE HONOURABLE SPEAKER OF THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

I have the honour to submit herewith my report on the accounts of the Municipality of Swakopmund for the financial year ended 30 June 2022, in terms of Article 127(2) of the Namibian Constitution. The report is transmitted to the Honourable Minister of Finance in terms of Section 27(1) of the State Finance Act, 1991 (Act No. 31 of 1991) to be laid upon the Table of the National Assembly in terms of Section 27(4) of the Act.

WINDHOEK, September 2023

JUNIAS ETUNA KANDJEKE AUDITOR-GENERAL



REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON THE ACCOUNTS OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF SWAKOPMUND FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

1. ADVERSE AUDIT OPINION

I have audited the financial statements of the Municipality of Swakopmund for the financial year ended 30 June 2022. These financial statements comprise the statement of financial position, the statement of financial performance, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, because of the significance of matters discussed in the Basis of the Adverse Opinion paragraph, the financial statements do not fairly present the financial position of the Swakopmund Municipality as at 30 June 2022 and its financial performance and cash flow for the year then ended.

2. BASIS FOR ADVERSE AUDIT OPINION

I conducted my audit in accordance with International Standards for Supreme Audits Institutions (ISSAI's). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of the audit report. I am independent of the entity in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Supreme Audit Institutions together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The adverse audit opinion is expressed due to the following:

2.1 FINANCIAL REPORT FRAMEWORK

The auditors have observed that the Municipality did not comply with this directive to adopt and implement the International Public Sector Accounting Standard (IPSAS's), in line with the circular 14 of 30 September 2019.

The financial statements do not describe accounting policies relating to significant items presented in the statement of financial position and statement of financial performance. In the absence of an acceptable financial reporting framework, Municipality does not have an appropriate basis for preparation of its annual financial statements.

It is recommended that the Municipality should ensure that they have an acceptable accounting reporting framework in place and that the accounting policies and reporting framework are disclosed in the financial statements.

2.2 FIXED ASSET REGISTER

The auditors could not verify the existence, valuation and completeness of the Municipality's fixed assets, due to the status of the Municipality's fixed asset register. The Municipality's fixed asset register does not contain sufficient details of individual assets such as classification and original costs. It is recommended that the Municipality should ensure that the fixed asset register is complete.

2.3 BUILD TOGETHER AND MASS HOUSING ADVANCES RECEIVABLES

The auditors could not obtain supporting documents to confirm Build together advances amounting to N\$ 17 897 817 and the Mass housing advances amounting to N\$ 3 260 474.

It is recommended that the Municipality should ensure that supporting documents are provided.

2.4 PROVISION FOR BAD DEBTS

The auditors observed that there is no debtor's policy in place. Provision for bad debts raised in the financial statements is only based on an estimate.

It is recommended that the Municipality should ensure that there is a debtor's policy in place to guide them on the treatment of debtors.

2.5 INVESTMENTS

There were differences observed between the bank statement for investments which reflects an amount of N\$ 230 495 857 and the statement of financial position reflecting N\$ 228 483 800, thus investments are understated by N\$ 2 012 057.

It is recommended that the Municipality should ensure that reconciliations are performed.

2.6 LOAN RECEIVABLES - BUILD TOGETHER FUND

The auditors noted that Build-Together fund stated in the statement of financial position amounting to N\$ 20 756 556 is less than the loan receivable listing balance of N\$ 13 854 721 resulting the difference of N\$ 6 901 834.

It is recommended that the Municipality should reconcile the payments received and the loans outstanding on a monthly basis.

2.7 PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

The auditors could not obtain supporting documents to verify the sundry creditors amounting to N\$ 1 733 051 due to the supporting documents not being submitted.

It is recommended that the Municipality should ensure that internal controls and procedures are put in place to ensure that financial and accounting data are accurately organized.

2.8 PROVISION FOR SEVERANCE PAY

The auditors noted that severance pay stated in the statement of financial position amounting to N\$ 4 846 197 is less than the severance pay listing balance N\$ 24 555 822 resulting in a difference of N\$ 19 709 625.

It is recommended that the Municipality should ensure that the correct amount for provision for severance pay is included in the statement of financial position.

2.9 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

Cash and cash equivalent in the statement of cash flow reflects a balance of N\$ 34 537 121 while statement of financial position reflects N\$ 40 220 201, resulting in a difference of N\$ 5 683 080. Furthermore an unexplained difference of N\$ 167 782 438 disclosed was observed in the statement of cash flow.

It is recommended that the Municipality should ensure that cash and cash equivalent in the statement of cash flow is reconciled to the statement of financial position and all differences are explained.

2.10 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

The auditor observed that Municipality did not prepare a statement of changes in equity, which reconciles equity balances at the end of the reporting period.

It is recommended that the Municipality should ensure that a complete set of the financial statements is prepared.

2.11 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The auditors observed that the note to property, plant and equipment is incomplete. The cost, depreciation and carrying amounts are not disclosed.

It is recommended that the Municipality should ensure that the note to property, plant and equipment be complete.

2.12 CASH FLOW STATEMENT - CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

The auditors observed a difference of N\$ 47 105 488 between the capital expenditure on the statement of cash flow of N\$ 70 530 758 and the statement of cash flow, note 37, amounting to N\$ 23 425 270.

It is recommended that the Municipality should ensure that statement of cash flow and note to the statement of cash flow correspond.

3. KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, were of most significance in my audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. I do not have anything to report on this matter.

4. OTHER INFORMATION

Management is responsible for the other information. My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and accordingly the auditor does not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with the audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or the knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. I have nothing to report in this regard.

5. RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with legislation, and for such internal control as management deems it necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

6. AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, weather due to fraud or error and to issue and auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the International Standards for Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs), will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions for users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the International Standards for Supreme Audit Institutions, I exercise professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also;

- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, weather due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies uses and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and based on the audit evidence, obtained weather a material uncertainty exists
 related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to
 continue as a going concern. I conclude that material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw
 attention in the report to the related disclosures in the financial statements, or if such
 disclosures are inadequate, to modify the opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit

evidence obtained up to date of the report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and weather the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have compiled with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards; and

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements at the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or, when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in the report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

7. REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

The financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 were submitted later than required by the Accounting Officer to the Auditor-General on 06 March 2023 in terms of Local Authorities Act, 1992 (Act No. 23 of 1992), instead of three months after year end as required by the Act.

8. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The co-operation and assistance by the management and staff of Municipality of Swakopmund during the audit is appreciated.

WINDHOEK, September 2023

JUNIAS ETUNA KANDJEKE AUDITOR-GENERAL

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THE MUNICIPALITY OF SWAKOPMUND STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE

		2022	2021
	Note	N\$	N\$
ASSETS			
Current Assets		403 920 847	418 039 084
Inventories	2	6 841 966	6 893 549
Investments	3	228 483 800	258 415 766
Receivables from exchange transactions	4	107 104 173	100 659 467
Value added tax receivable	5	21 270 707	32 443 934
Cash and cash equivalents	*6	40 220 201	19 626 368
Non- Current Assets		1 364 868 731	1 295 506 916
Property plant and equipment	7	1 205 997 706	1 144 613 459
Long-term receivables	8	23 353 229	15 375 661
Investment equity: Erongo Red		135 517 796	135 517 796
,			
Total Assets		1 768 789 578	1 713 546 000
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities		76 815 888	60 043 570
Consumer deposits	10	10 123 207	9 523 473
Employee benefits	11	37 178 593	24 928 063
Payables from exchange transactions	12	29 514 088	25 592 034
Non-Current Liabilities			
Long-term liabilities	13	2 334 553	2 825 513
Total Liabilities		79 150 441	62 869 083
Net Assets/Equity		1 689 639 137	1 650 676 917
Accumulated funds	14	1 689 639 137	1 650 676 917
Total Net Asset/Equity		1 689 639 137	1 650 676 917

THE MUNICIPALITY OF SWAKOPMUND STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE

	Note	2022 N\$	2021 N\$
	. 1000	214	114
Revenue			
Total revenue from exchange transactions		460 711 290	425 700 532
Property rates & taxes		156 644 146	152 054 119
Service charges	16	203 400 537	184 429 092
Bungalows		9 273 492	5 599 934
Nursery		808 646	1 007 499
Local authority surcharges		14 342 361	14 894 850
Swakopmund aerodrome		2 370 195	1 569 680
Rental of facilities and properties	21	4 296 188	4 470 066
Interest received: current account & investments		8 222 151	13 228 965
Road fund administration subsidies: Operational	24	2 531 731	2 852 627
Other revenue	25	58 821 843	45 593 700
Total expenses		458 787 874	424 136 728
Employee related cost	26	227 255 791	221 297 837
Remuneration of Councilors	2	2 844 560	2 878 689
Finance cost		321 915	316 580
Bulk purchases		85 699 172	77 423 678
Contracted services	30	25 093 102	19 019 865
Repairs and maintenance	31	40 423 735	29 628 553
Payment 5% of revenue on rates & taxes -			
Regional Council		7 917 479	7 602 706
General expenses	33	69 232 120	65 968 820
Surplus for the year	<u>-</u>	1 923 416	1 563 804

THE MUNICIPALITY OF SWAKOPMUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE

	Note	2022 N\$	2021 N\$
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts Cash receipts from rate payers and services charges Subsidies: Operating	35 24	401 288 851 390 534 969 2 531 731 8 222 151	398 899 338 379 888 746 5 781 627 13 228 965
Interest received Payments		(519 795 366)	(498 400 370)
Employee related costs Remuneration of Councilors	26 27	(227 255 791) (2 844 560)	(221 297 837) (2 878 689)
Finance costs (paid) Suppliers and other payments Not each flow from operating estivities	34	(321 915) (289 373 100) (118 506 515)	(316 580) (273 907 264) (99 501 032)
Net cash flow from operating activities Cash flow from investing activities Net cash flow from investing activities Capital expenditure	*37	(25 731 972) (70 530 758)	(5 667 375) (36 363 436)
Proceeds from sale of assets Proceeds from land; sale transactions Unexplained differences		561 641 44 237 145 167 782 438	30 696 061 61 829 464
Net change in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	*40	23 543 951 10 993 170 34 537 121	(43 338 943) 54 332 113 10 993 170

Note:

Cash and cash equivalent not balanced *40 220 201 – 34 537 121= 5 683 080

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Basis of preparation of Financial Statements

The accounts of the Swakopmund Municipality are being prepared and submitted in accordance with the provisions set out in the Local Authority Act, 1922 (Act 23 of 1992, as amended).

The Financial statements of the Swakopmund Municipality are still being prepared on fund accounting concept.

However, Council has adopted the implementation of the IPSAS reporting standards, and with implementation date scheduled for 1 July 2022.

2. INVENTORIES

Inventories are recorded at its original purchase price and are kept at Council's main Stores.

	2022	2021
	N\$	N\$
	6 841 966	6 893 549
Houses	1 136 469	1 258 879
Stores	4 296 553	4 182 139
Oil Workshop	410 024	378 328
Nursery	568 746	615 359
Water Reservoir	430 174	458 844

3. INVESTMENTS

Council's funds are invested mostly on call accounts, and due to favorable interest, investments kept for longer than 12 months, or till funds are needed, and interest rates varies between 6.85% and 7.86% per annum.

	228 483 800	258 415 766
General account	124 937 722	160 000 000
Built together fund	32 507 744	31 117 421
Mass housing fund	71 038 334	67 298 345

4. RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Mass housing fund

Accounts receivable in respect of the rates and taxes and other services provided by Council.

	2022	2021
	N\$	N\$
	107 104 173	100 659 467
Debtors (main account)	131 150 197	112 856 162
Debtors tourism	759 316	557 257
Erongo Red (la surcharges)	<u>.</u>	1 270 591
Study aid advances	265 653	602 258
Road fund administration	36 662	-
Kinghorn: Legal costs	39 450	52 633
Aily N Nangolo	(5 759)	-
Sofia Hansen	164 701	63 450
Default cashier vote	(38 890)	6 391
Unpaid debit orders	642 721	73 534
Debtors control refunds	(17 250)	(54 226)
Salaries control account	2 563 494	-
Provision: Bad debts	(7 278 204)	(5 278 204)
Insurance claim	(17 897 817)	(1 025)
Debtors: Built together	(3 260 474)	1 809 698
Debtors: Mass housing	(37 738)	529 164
Advances: Built together	18 111	(8 575 836)
Advances: Mass housing	-	(3 260 474)
Suspense: Built together	-	(3 673)
Sundry Creditors: Mass housing		11 767
5. VALUE ADDED TAX RECEIVABLE		
	21 270 707	32 443 934
Outstanding VAT returns	13 534 577	12 390 997
VAT suspense account	6 627 711	19 457 289
Mass housing	56	259
Built together	1 108 363	595 389
6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
OF OTHER THAN OF STREET AND A S	40 220 201	19 626 368
General accounts	34 537 119	10 993 169
Build together fund	3 643 416	6 836 972
Dulid regular turid	2 020 666	1 706 227

2 039 666

2021

2022

THE MUNICIPALITY OF SWAKOPMUND NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE (Continued)

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Council still acquires its assets through funding from its own funds and reserves.

Depreciation costs of the assets are transferred to main source funding.

		2021
	N\$	N\$
	1 205 997 706	1 144 613 459
Computer software	565 933	657 910
Investment property	62 859 739	62 150 568
Land	2 481 075	2 481 075
Transport (vehicles)	35 103 221	29 609 769
Water infrastructure	385 148 054	384 334 943
Wastewater	54 280 450	41 702 686
Plant & equipment	41 671 503	38 522 353
Furniture	6 186 154	6 038 635
Roads infrastructure	417 210 881	392 168 889
Buildings & community assets	156 409 741	149 138 840
Other	44 080 955	37 807 791

8. LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES

Council grants loans to low-income beneficiaries for construction of houses, and to purchase erven.

	23 353 229	15 375 661
Even loans	39 040	227 674
Huidare loans	74 810	92 191
Housing fund	127 499	161 425
Built together fund	20 756 556	12 337 656
Mass housing loans	2 355 324	2 556 715

9. EQUITY INVESTMENT: ERONGO RED

The Council has invested funds in electrical infrastructure development, and with the taking of electricity, these were converted in equities with, and based on that the Council's shareholding percentage was determined.

24 029 063

25 592 034

29 514 088

THE MUNICIPALITY OF SWAKOPMUND NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE (Continued)

10. CONSUMER DEPOSITS

Council holds deposits from consumers in lieu service accounts, Reservation deposits and other Sundry deposits. Consumers with credit account balances are also listed separately.

	2022	2021
	N\$	N\$
	10 123 207	9 523 473
Tourism reservations	325 439	(37 581)
Sundry deposits	302 823	295 177
Unappropriated deposits	3 249 177	3 249 177
11 1	6 245 768	6 016 700
Consumer deposits		

11. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

	3/1/8 393	24 920 003
Leave reserve	22 381 218	19 055 179
Provision for bonuses	4 110 323	1 873 795
Severance pay	4 846 197	1 153 065
Early retirement	5 840 855	2 846 024

12. PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Trading creditors (accounts payable)	27 242 264	18 786 552
Audit fees	754 244	754 244
Retention money	1 428 214	882 660
Unclaimed money	449 136	449 136
Wages control account	(259 874)	-
Sundry creditors	(1 733 051)	-
Deposits: Sale of erven	1 633 155	4 719 442
Deposits. Suite of of ten		

13. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Council received external loans from Central Government and National Housing Enterprise after Independence for installation for services related infrastructural developments relating streets, sewerage, water, electricity.

	2022	2021
	N\$	N\$
Long term loans	2 334 553	2 825 513

14. ACCUMULATED FUNDS

	1 689 639 137	1 650 676 917
Accumulated funds	1 574 161 382	1 650 676 917
Built together fund	42 644 017	44 117 626
Mass housing fund	72 833 738	71 281 668
Unexplained difference	-	(115 399 294)

15. RATES AND TAXES: PROPERTY

Council generates revenue from levying rates and taxes on properties within its boundaries. Rates and taxes are levied on land value as well as on improvements. General valuations of properties are done every 5 years and the values remains applicable, until new valuations are performed, unless there are improvements done by the respective. Interim valuations are done in a financial year.

2022	2021
N\$	N\$

16. SERVICE CHARGES

Council's main revenue sources are from the below:

Cleansing services (refuse removal) Sewerage works Water supply

203 400 537	184 429 092
41 260 348	41 179 014
65 447 024	62 036 693
96 693 165	81 213 385

17. BUNGALOWS

Council owns an accommodation facility and the revenue generated from this entity is stated hereunder.

18. NURSERY

Council also generates minimal revenue from its operations at the Nursery. Own plants are produced and sold to the Public.

19. LOCAL AUTHORITY SURCHARGES

Council has 28% shareholding in Erongo Regional Electricity Distributor Council receives royalties from the service provider.

The royalties are paid at 0.13 for Units (kWh) sold within the boundaries of Swakopmund.

20. SWAKOPMUND AERODROME

2022	2021
N\$	Ν¢

Council taken the operations at the Swakopmund Aerodrome.

Since 1 July 2012, revenue is generated through landing fees and rental of Hangars.

Total Income

2 370 195

1 569 680

21. RENTAL OF FACILITIES AND PROPERTIES

Council owns number of properties and lease land being rented to consumers These properties resorts under public building section and our multipurpose centre.

Business stalls / markets
Public buildings
Multipurpose center

4 296 188	4 470 066
338 291	-
100 106	4 134 915
3 857 791	335 151

22. INTEREST RECEIVED: OUTSTANDING SERVICE ACCOUNTS

Council levies late fees on service accounts not paid by due date.

The penalty raise is executed after all payments has been processed and before the new billing cycle is loaded on the system.

23. INTEREST RECEIVED: CURRENT ACCOUNTS

Council maintains favorable bank balances, and as such receives interest on its current account balances.

Interest is received on Council's main current account as well as the tourism deposit account.

960 700

1 500

325 650

THE MUNICIPALITY OF SWAKOPMUND NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE (Continued)

24. ROAD FUND ADMINISTRATION SUBSIDIES: OPERATIONAL

Front-End Loaders

Economic Development Services

Council annually receives subsidy from Road Fund Administration for road maintenance and traffic Law enforcement expenditures.

	2022	2021
	N\$	N\$
	2 531 731	2 852 627
Streets (roads maintenance)	_	4 742 460
Traffic law enforcement (subsidy)	2 531 731	1 039 167
Traffic law enforcement - expenditure		(2 929 000)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

25. OTHER REVENUE		
	8 821 843	45 593 700
Council	32 543	26 956
Corporate Services	104 894	86 989
	9 561 211	34 846 134
Engineering Services	444 683	2 172 228
	1 398 541	1 530 658
Parks & Gardens	87 291	41 771
Cemetery	494 051	282 143
Fire Brigade	815 130	721 682
Streets	229 944	199 373
Traffic	18 675	19 407
Stores	-	1 223 669
Workshop	1 248 406	650 711
Trucks	442 123	490 150
Graders	723 450	703 629
Road Rollers	2 435 356	1 315 930
Water Tankers	459 895	320 070

26. EMPLOYEE RELATED COST

	2022	2021
	N\$	N\$
	227 255 791	221 297 838
Employee related costs: Salaries and wages	102 431 059	103 223 798
Employee related costs: Overtime	14 223 363	11 680 988
Employee related costs: Pension and medical aid contributions	44 331 942	43 630 398
Housing benefits and allowances	33 799 982	33 540 186
Vehicle and transport allowances	7 039 840	7 438 168
Employee related costs: standby	432 551	438 798
Employee related costs: uniforms	42 003	275 515
Long service awards	523 204	347 707
Free services	4 128 575	3 072 683
Social security	411 619	402 342
Contract workers	2 900 185	1 472 131
Life savers	94 833	68 579
Sanitation allowances	421 938	403 400
Recruitment costs	29 547	43 130
Job attachments	1 272 450	852 165
Leave	4 396 300	4 395 000
Early retirement	3 314 100	3 479 000
Bonus	2 361 100	2 042 650
Severance pay	5 101 200	4 491 200

27. REMUNERATION OF COUNCILLORS

Council is serves by ten (10) Councilors, receiving monthly allowances are based on the portfolio held. Councilors are also remunerated for attending official meetings

	<i>2</i> 844 560	2 878 689
Monthly allowances	257 600	256 800
Meeting attendance fees	2 586 960	2 621 889

28. FINANCE COST

Council annually incurs cost the internal and external loans for financing of the infrastructural development costs as well acquiring of assets for service delivery.

29. BULK PURCHASES

2022	2021
N\$	N\$

Council purchases its water supply from Namwater in bulk. The current purchase is N\$ 14.87 per cubic.

30. CONTRACTED SERVICES

50. CONTRACTED SERVICES	25 093 102	19 019 865
Processing of accounts	365 822	350 716
Rental: computer & IT	8 029 087	7 682 012
Security guards	8 065 365	6 494 785
Cleaning of wards	3 884 700	1 447 547
Cleaning of offices	479 527	409 441
Legal fees	2 258 129	815 890
Cleaning of bungalows	336 187	121 995
Rent: Mobile toilets	1 674 285	1 697 479

31. REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE

Buildings 2 487	257	1 279 759
Vehicles 5 133	155	4 651 174
Infrastructure - Roads and Streets 16 693	807	14 196 626
Infrastructure - Sanitation 2 978	715	2 821 502
Infrastructure - Sewerage 3 395	356	3 143 290
Infrastructure - Water 8 645	754	3 001 666
	386	169 332
Central Sports field 658	305	365 204

32. RATES AND TAXES: REGIONAL COUNCIL

In terms provisions of the Local Authority Act, Local Authorities must pay over 5% of revenue collected on rates and taxes to Regional Council.

33. GENERAL EXPENDITURE

2022 2021 N\$ N\$ 40 232 120 65 968 390 Advertising materials - 6 938 Animal control 177 257 107 996
Advertising materials Animal control - 6 938 177 257 107 996
Advertising materials Animal control - 6 938 177 257 107 996
Animal control 177 257 107 996
10/ 550
Annual licenses 55 053 51 452
Bank charges 944 448 845 582
Beautification of town entrance 91 439 77 683
Brine purchases 102 637 82 337
Burial fees 5 127 2 496
Bursaries 60 179 46 470
Cancelled reservations 460 495
Cancer association 1 000
Civil protection (Covid-19) 44 575 250 806
Cleaning 75 786 361 020
Conference expenses 338 918 213 379
Consumables 1 144 810 964 125
Contagious diseases 11 627 4 903
Control of mosquitoes 6 000
Corporate gifts 82 322 75 737
Debt impairment 2 100 000 2 000 000
Fumigation – Municipal Bungalows 24 103
Departmental charges: Municipal services 4 240 303 2 858 580
Depreciation 9 146 509 14 525 200
Donations 2 621 989 479 286
DSTV 11 419
Electricity 4 459 787 4 111 433
Emergency equipment 25 652
Entertainment 4 025 6 467
Entertainment mayor 12 230 10 761
Fair expenses 26 433 28 668
Fire victims 90 096 98 988
Fuel 4 160 475 3 012 448
Functions & entertainment 409 533 318 312
Garage rental 64 633 52 083
Garden equipment 92 827 95 967
Payments: Funds and reserves 2 026 630 526 453
Green environment project 5 760 18 744
IEC material 13 101 19 728
Implement & labour charges (civil) 302 719 127 150

33. GENERAL EXPENDITURE (Continued)			
,	2022	2021	
	N\$	N\$	
Implement & labour charges (electrical)	13 188	11 370	
Insurance	1 473 080	1 407 923	
Internal audit	477 221	-	
Inventory adjustments	75 283	41 390	
Job evaluations	11 929	85 100	
Laundry expenses	501 977	253 325	
Loss control	4 272	7 005	
Lunch for the elderly	399 961	363 330	
Marketing strategy	43 691	39 332	
Marketing	-	25 876	
Medical examinations	96 287	223 109	
Membership & subscription fees	246 970	106 309	
Municipal vegetable garden	196 365	247 785	
New plant consumables	91 833	45 751	
New plant electricity	12 022 355	12 060 973	
New plant outsourcing	4 386 809	4 355 356	
Notices & advertisements	552 682	654 686	
Namibia Tourism Board levy	-	(450)	
Oil	42 356	38 730	
Plants nursery	287 031	362 933	
Pollution control	258 791	165 377	
Postage	739 488	770 465	
Public Private Partnership: Groups	1 136 321	787 381	
Prepaid tokens	254 023	-	
Printing & stationery	1 604 878	1 380 996	
Professional fees	1 200	186 600	
Professional services	54 630	134 415	
Project shine	167 484	-	
Protective clothing	1 448 333	1 060 063	
Publicity	466 207	274 704	
Purchasing of cutlery	76 952	28 432	
Purchasing of seedlings	5 644	11 437	
Purchasing of shower mats	44 500	-	
Refilling of fire extinguishers	12 344	14 688	
Renewal of radio licenses	10 990	9 510	
Renewal of TV licenses	37 934	51 234	
Renewal of vehicle licenses	1 015 573	997 110	
Renewal of vehicle licenses (Staff)	9 982	6 781	
Rental cylinders	14 550	12 992	
Rental: electronic equipment	720 571	650 977	

33. GENERAL EXPENDITURE (Continued)

•	2022	2021
	N\$	N\$
Research	14 131	7 415
Risk assessment	25 461	7 413
Road safety campaign	20 833	16 327
S.P.C.A	1 000	10 327
Sale of erven	210 027	3 136 396
Seaweed removal	40 518	40 053
Settlement discount	1 874	40 033
Software licenses	651 546	_ [
Spares	554 827	246 957
Sports tournament	27 985	240)37
Student subsidy	476 181	473 968
Sundry expenses	3 913	173 500
Team building events	4 800	410 402
Telephone	1 574 400	1 363 099
Tools & equipment	351 723	187 002
Training of personnel	98 134	59 723
Valuation costs	270 001	445 935
Vehicle tracking system	420 913	241 652
VET levy	2 010 271	1 864 618
Workmen compensation		921 051
Website design and maintenance	30 000	12 500
Renewal of annual licenses	_	292 476
Unexplained difference	_	(1 998 003)

34. SUPPLIERS AND OTHER PAYMENTS

CALCULATION OF EXPENDITURE - STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	2022	2021
	N\$	N\$
	289 373 100	273 907 264
All Payments	285 502 629	277 248 111
Opening balance of payables: exchange transactions	(25 592 034)	(28 227 689)
Closing balance of payables: exchange transactions	29 514 088	25 592 034
Opening balance of payables: inventory	(6 893 549)	(7 598 741)
Closing balance of payables: inventory	6 841 966	6 893 549

All operational payments during the year suppliers and all other payments.

285 502 629	277 248 111
356 033 387	313 611 547
(70 530 758)	(36 363 436)
	356 033 387

35. CASH RECEIPTS FROM RATE PAYERS AND SERVICES CHARGES

	2022	2021
	N\$	N\$
	390 534 969	379 888 746
Total receipts processed	375 512 963	359 394 048
Opening balance of debtors	(100 659 467)	(92 030 876)
Closing balance of debtors	107 104 172	(14 263 699)
Opening balance of consumer deposits	(9 523 473)	(16 458 380)
Closing balance of consumer deposits	10 123 207	9 523 473
Opening balance of long-term receivables	(15 375 661)	(13 642 920)
Closing balance of long-term receivables	23 353 228	15 375 661

36. GRANTS FROM CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

The Council receives grants from central government for formalization, installation of services for Matatura area

37. CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

	23 425 270	36 363 436
Council	-	34 484
Corporate services	486 105	137 120
Finance	314 353	262 889
Engineering services	_	8 172 089
Health services	24 038	635 635
Swakopmund aerodrome	_	_
Cleansing services	9 459 759	8 238 646
Sewerage services	12 195 747	3 343 611
Electricity	29 792	_
Water supply	813 111	6 109 281
Economic development services	_	9 342 293
Tourism	102 365	87 388

38. PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF ASSETS

2022 2021 N\$ N\$

Total proceeds from redundant assets sold during the year.

39. PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF ERVIN

Proceeds from sale of erven for the year

40. CURRENT ACCOUNT BANK BALANCES

Main account
Built together
Mass housing

40 220 201	19 621 06 <u>8</u>
34 537 119	10 987 869
3 643 416	6 836 972
2 039 666	1 796 227