

REPUBLIC OF NAMIBIA











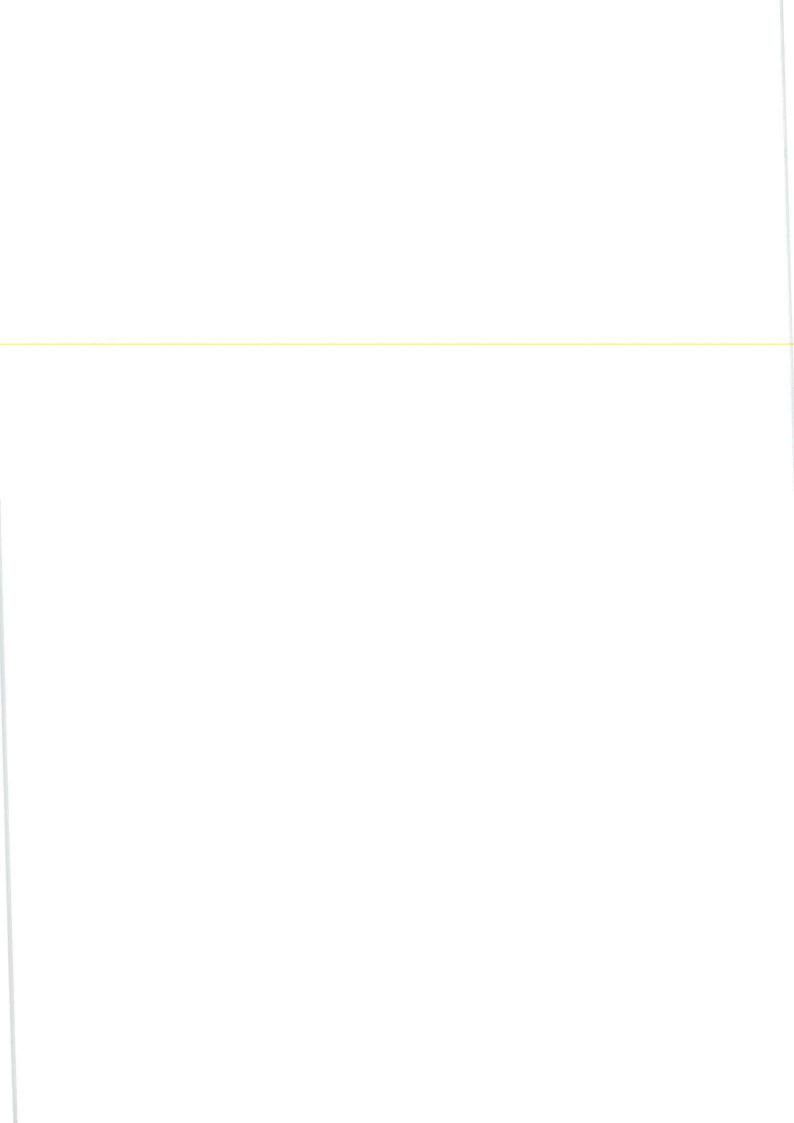
REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON THE ACCOUNTS OF THE

MINISTRY OF SAFETY AND SECURITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

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REPUBLIC OF NAMIBIA



TO THE HONOURABLE SPEAKER OF THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

I have the honour to submit herewith my report on the accounts of the Ministry of Safety and Security for the financial year ended 31 March 2020 in terms of Article 127(2) of the Namibian Constitution. The report is transmitted to the Honourable Minister of Finance in terms of Section 27(1) of the State Finance Act, 1991 (Act 31 of 1991) to be laid upon the Table of the National Assembly in terms of Section 27(4) of the Act.

WINDHOEK, JANUARY 2021

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Rejection Account:	A suspense account reflecting names and balances of all persons/companies that owe the money to the State.
Budget:	Is an estimation of the revenue and expenses over a specified future period of time specified.
Subsistence Advance:	Payment given in advance to an employee to reimburse accommodation, meal and incidental expenses, while on an official assignment.
Performance Information:	Measurement of an individual, group, organization, system or component which is collected, analysed and reported. (Includes Strategic plans, annual plans, performance agreements and personal development plans)
Key performance indicator (KPI):	A measurable value used to monitor and demonstrates how effectively an organization is achieving key business objectives.
International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAI):	Professional standards and best practice guidelines for public sector auditors, officially authorised and endorsed by the International Organisation of Supreme Audit Institutions (INTOSAI).
Materiality:	Is a concept or convention relating to the importance or significance of an amount, transaction, or discrepancy that effects the decision of the user.
Reasonable Assurance	It is when the audit conclusion is expressed positively, conveying that, in the auditor's opinion, the subject matter is or is not compliant in all material respects or, where relevant, that the subject matter information provides a true and fair view, in accordance with the applicable criteria.
Limited Assurance	It is when the audit conclusion states that, based on the procedures performed; nothing has come to the auditor's attention to cause the auditor to believe that the subject matter is not in compliance with the criteria.
Direct reporting engagement	It is when an auditor measures or evaluates the subject matter against the criteria. The auditor is responsible for producing the subject matter information. The auditor selects the subject matter and criteria, taking into consideration risk and materiality. By measuring the subject matter evidence against the criteria, the auditor is able to form a conclusion.
Attestation engagement	It is when a responsible party (the entity) measures the subject matter against the criteria and presents the subject matter information, on which you, the auditor, then gather sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide a reasonable basis for forming a conclusion.
ubject matter	Refers to the information, condition or activity that is measured or evaluated against certain criteria.

DEFINITIONS

Types of Audit Opinions:	Unqualified Opinion. In an unqualified report, the auditors conclude that the financial statements of your O/M/A's present fairly its affairs in all material aspects.
	Qualified Opinion. An auditor's report is qualified when there is either a limitation of scope in the auditor's work, or when there is a disagreement with management regarding application, acceptability or adequacy of accounting policies.
	Disclaimer Opinion . Auditor's do not express an opinion on the financial position of a firm because they have not completed an examination of its accounts or the examination is not broad enough in scope to enable them to form an opinion.
	Adverse Opinion. The financial statements of an O/M/A's do not fairly present its actual financial position and the required information was either not disclosed, or (if disclosed) was inadequately disclosed or was inaccurate.
Treasury:	Financial authority in public service. (The department of Government that has control over the collection, management and disbursement of public revenue).
Vote:	Represents an Office/Ministry/Agency.
Appropriation Act:	Estimate of expenditure and revenue for a particular financial year presented to the National Assembly, the Act passed by Parliament.
Appropriation Account:	Government Income and Expenditure statement, showing on receipt side the estimated budgeted amounts and on expenditure side the actual expenditure amounts and the difference thereof.
Standard sub-division:	Government balance account, showing balances incurred on each account/activity.
Suspension:	Reduction on budget (Treasury may from time to time withhold or suspend any amount in an estimate of expenditure).
Virement:	Moving of budgeted funds from one account to another account within the same budget of the same Office/Ministry/Agency. The utilization of a saving under one main division/sub division of a vote to defray an excess under another existing division of the same vote.
Unauthorised Expenditure:	Expenditure that exceeds the amount appropriated (budgeted) for a vote, main division or subdivision.
Underexpenditure:	Saving on the budget.
Miscellaneous Revenue:	All revenue collected and not having a specified revenue code.
Commitments:	Funds reserved to acquire goods or services from a supplier.
Suspense accounts:	Is an account opened in the books of Government that records movement of transactions of a temporarily nature, for example salary deductions of housing instalments.
	A suspense account reflecting the outstanding subsistence and travel advance

Table of Contents

1	SECTION A: FINANCIAL AUDIT	
	214 ON ONLIN HAD ALTHE OPINION	
	1.2 BASIS FOR UNQUALIFIED AUDIT OPINION	1
1	1.3 EMPHASIS OF MATTERS	1
1.	1.3.2 OUTSTANDING SUBSISTENCE ADVANCES	1
1.	3.2.1 Non submission of documents	2
1.	3.2.2 Value Added Tax	2
1.	3.2.3 Segretation of duties	2
1	3.2.3 Promotion	2
1.,	3.2.0 Extention of contracts	2
1		
	1.4 KEY AUDIT MATTERS	4
2.	SECTION B: COMPLIANCE AUDIT AND AUDIT OF PERFORMANCE INFORMATION	5
	COMPLIANCE TO LAWS AND DECLIFATIONS	
	2.2 DESCRIPTION OF THE SUBJECT MATTER INFORMATION AND AUDIT SCOPE 2.3 AUDIT OBJECTIVE	5
	2.3 AUDIT OBJECTIVE	5
	2.4 AUDIT CRITERIA	5 5
	2.6 KEY AUDIT FINDINGS	6
	2.6.1 Unauthorised expenditure	6
3.	MODIT OF TEXPORMANCE INFORMATION	
3.1	DESCRIPTION OF THE SUBJECT MATTER INFORMATION AND AUDIT SCOPE.	6
3.2	AUDIT OBJECTIVE	6
3.3	AUDIT CRITERIA SUMMARY OF METHODS ARRIED	6
3.4	SUMMARY OF METHODS APPIED.	7
3.5	SELECTION OF KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS.	7
3.6	AUDIT FINDINGS.	7
3.7	CONCLUSION ON THE SUBJECT MATTER	7
4.	ALSI ONSIDILITES OF WANACEMENT AND THOSE STATES	
5.	AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
6.	REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS	
7.	GENERAL INFORMATION	9
8.	ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	
1.	AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	10
1.	APPROPRIATION ACCOUNT	
1.2	2 STANDARD SUBDIVISIONS	11
1.3 1.4	3 DEPARTMENTAL REVENUE	13
1.4	4.1 APPROPRIATION ACCOUNT: EVELANATIONS OF VICE	15
1.4	4.2 REVENUE: EXPLANATIONS OF VARIATIONS EXCEEDING 2%	15
2.	GENERAL INFORMATION	.16
2.1	Bank accounts	.17
		.17

	CAPITAL PROJECTS	18
2.2	CAPITAL PROJECTS	20
2 2	COMPENSATION PAYMENTS (VALID CEARING ACTION)	∠∪
2.4	BURSARY AND STUDY ASSISTANCE	20
2.5	A IDCR AFT	20
2.6	AIRCRAFTLIVESTOCK	20
2.7	LOSSES: IRREGULARITIES BY PERSONS EMPLOYED BY GOVERNMENT AROUGH IRREGULARITIES BY PERSONS ACCOUNTING OFFICER REPORTED THIRTEEN (13) CASES OF LOSSES THROUGH IRREGULARITIES BY PERSONS ACCOUNTING OFFICER REPORTED THIRTEEN (13) CASES OF LOSSES THROUGH IRREGULARITIES BY PERSONS ACCOUNTING OFFICER REPORTED THIRTEEN (13) CASES OF LOSSES THROUGH IRREGULARITIES BY PERSONS ACCOUNTING TO N\$ 62 824.26	20
EMPI	OVED BY THE (JOVERNMENT, DUKING THE THYSTOLIZE TO	20
28	LOSSES AND DAMAGES THROUGH UNAVOIDABLE OFFICE	20
20	WELLNESS	21
2.10	DONATIONS TO GOVERNMENT	
2.10	SUSPENSE ACCOUNTS	
2.12	TRADE ACCOUNT (AUDITOR TO GET BACK ON WILLIAM TABLET TO THE STATE OF T	2
2.13	POINTS KEEPING STOCK AND ANNUAL STOCK TAKING	, 21
2.14	STORES AND DEPUTS	
2.15	VEHICLE ACCIDENTS	22
2.16	VEHICLE ACCIDENTS	22
2.1	5 INTERNAL INSPECTIONS 7 FIXED PROPERTY BOUGHT	22
2.1	FIXED PROPERTY BOUGHT BEBT TO GOVERNMENT	22
2.1	8 DEBT TO GOVERNMENT	22
2.2	THE CALL IT A NITA	

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON THE ACCOUNTS OF THE MINISTRY OF SAFETY AND SECURITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1. SECTION A: FINANCIAL AUDIT

1.1 UNQUALIFIED AUDIT OPINION

I have audited the financial statements of the Ministry of Safety and Security for the financial year ended 31 March 2020, provided by the Accounting Officer as attached in Annexure A. These financial statements comprise the Appropriation account, Standard subdivisions, Departmental revenue, Notes to the financial statements and General information for the year then ended.

In my opinion, the financial statements of the Ministry of Safety and Security as at 31 March 2020 are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Section 12 and 13 of the State Finance Act, 1991 (Act 31 of 1991).

1.2 BASIS FOR UNQUALIFIED AUDIT OPINION

I conducted my audit in accordance with International Standards for Supreme Audit Institutions. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the entity in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Supreme Audit Institutions together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Namibia and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

1.3 EMPHASIS OF MATTERS

Attention is drawn to the management on the following matters that relate to my responsibility in the audit of the financial statements, as disclosed by the Ministry of Safety and Security in the financial statements. My opinion is not modified in respect of these matters:

1.3.1 Standard subdivisions

The standard subdivisions for the following codes are reflected twice under operational current expenditure in GL027 as follows:

Account name	Code
Travel and subsistence	021 and 031
Transport	023 and 033
Utilities	024 and 034
Property rental and related charges	026 and 036

As per Treasury Instruction DL 0103 Goods and Other Services codes 031-Travel and subsistence expenses, 033-Transport and 034-Utilities are to be reflected under development expenditure and not operational expenditure. Furthermore, the audit found that the incurred actual expenditure on 031-Travel and subsistence expenses, 033-Transport, 034-Utilities and 036-Property rental and related charges were paid in respect of Politicians entertainment, Office refreshments, Official entertainment and Claims against the state respectively.

It is recommended that the Accounting Officer should ensure that standard subdivision are correctly classified in the GL.

In his comment on the draft report the Accounting Officer indicated that Treasurer created new subdivsions in the GL, however funds allocated to those newly created subdivision ended up wrongly reflected as DSA, Transport, with property rental and related charges.

1.3.2 Outstanding subsistence advances

(i) Differences were noted on outstanding subsistence allowances as follows:

Balance reported by	Balance per Debit Balance List	Difference
Accounting Officer N\$ 1 800 834.08	N\$ 1 748 114.50	N\$ 52 719.58

Furthermore, a difference between the Debit balance list and the subsistence advance suspense account was observed as follows:

was observed as follows:	Tiet D.L. Tiet	Difference		
Balance as per suspense	Balance per Debit Balance List			
account N\$	N\$ 1 748 114.50	N\$ (698 611.90)		
(2 446 726.40)	1,1012			

It is recommended that the Accounting Officer should ensure that proper reconciliation are conducted and differences are accounted for.

In his comment the Accounting Officer indicated that during the reconciliation it was found that amount of Management comment: N\$652 469 is not appearing on the debiet balance list and the amount of N\$46 141.95 is still under investigation.

(ii) The Ministry had unprocessed (unpaid) direct claims amounting to N\$ 2 526 145.76, meaning that the Ministry owes staff members this amount. This amount accumulated from the previous financial years.

The Accounting Officer should ensure that all direct claims are processed in the financial year they were incurred and that all expenditure incurred is accounted for in the year it occur. The Accounting Officer should explain what controls are in place to ensure that these claims are paid and to prevent claims to accumulate in future.

The Accounting Officer indicated that the Ministry could not process the Direct DSA claims due to insufficient funds, however members were required to attend courts, conduct investigations and anti-poaching operations among others.

1.3.2.1 Non submission of documents

The audit found that a Service Provider was paid an amount of N\$ 1 438 014.69, for the financial years 2018/2019 and 2019/2020, however, the auditors were not provided with a valid contract on which basis those payments were made. Upon enquiry the auditors were provided with an expired contract (Tender no: M23-61/2013.) which got expired in January 2017.

The Accounting Officer should ensure that correct procurement procedures are adhered to.

Management comment:

The Accounting Officer commended that service provider has been reparing radio communication to the Namibian Police in the North through a Tender which expired during January 2017. Due to lack of funds no new Tender could be invited under the new Public Procurement Act 15 of 2015. Hence for future the procurement processes will be followed.

1.3.2.2 Value Added Tax

The audit found that the Ministry was charged an amount of N\$ 454 255, 45 for value -added-tax by the suppliers that are not registered as VAT vendors:

It is recommended that the Accounting Officer should recover the amount paid to these suppliers and proof be forwarded for audit purposes. In addition, the Accounting Officer should ensure that suppliers that are not registered for VAT should not charge VAT.

Management comment:

In his comment the Accounting Officer indicated that the audit finding is correct and the Ministry is in the process to recover the money. The Procurement Committee is strictly directed to ensure that suppliers charging VAT are registered vendors.

1.3.2.3 Segretation of duties

The audit found that threwe (3) Accountants have access to initiate and approve payments on the system, resulting in no segregation of duties, which could lead to fraud, error and/or irregularities. The Ministry made five thousand four hundred and fifty nine (5 459) transactions amount to N\$ 90 274 420.00 where by these payments were approved without any segregation of duties between these three (3) Accountants.

The Accounting Officer should ensure that segregation of duties is observed at all times.

Management comment

The Accounting Officer indicated that the Ministry agrees with the finding and will ensure that audit recommendations are adhered at all times.

1.3.2.4 Recruitment

The Ministry's advert on the post designation: Recruit-for the Department of NCS requested for candidates with a minimum requirement of Grade 12 with 25 points. The advert further stipulated that candidates should be between the ages of 21-30 years of age. The audit found that the Ministry has employed candidates with qualifications not meeting the minimum requirements of Grade 12 and that are above the set of age of 30.

The Accounting Officer should ensure that the Ministry adhere to the set recruitment requirements in future.

Management comment

In his comment the Accounting Officer indicated the terms of the powers vested in the Commissioner General in termof the Namibian Constitution and the Namibian Correctional Service Act, the Commissioner General may appoint a fit and proper person to be a correctional officer according to the prescribed ranks of correctional officer.

1.3.2.5 Promotion

The audit found that some members were promoted without meeting the minimum years of service; however, a waiver letter from the Inspector General was not provided to support the reason for promotion.

Furthermore, the audit found that a member was promoted on 1 October 2019 from the rank of Constable to Warrant Officer Class 1, in the process skipping three ranks without the waiver letter from Inspector-General.

It is recommended that the Accounting Officer ensure that the Police administrative manual is consistently applied.

The Accounting Officer indicated that the ministry agrees with the finding, took note of the auditors concen Management comment and will ensure that in future all waivers will be done in writing.

1.3.2.6 Extention of contracts

It was found that two members' contracts were further extended despite, their direct supervisor's non-agreement to the extension, due to poor performance. Section 13.2 of the contract signed by (i) the members state that "should the correctional officer's performance be found not to be to the satisfaction of the employer, the employer may terminate the service of the correctional officer on (30) days written notice". In addition, it was noted that, all the members appointed on contract, for the extension of service beyond retirement no assessment was performed as per Section 13.1 of their contracts, which states that the employer shall asses the performances of the affidavit six months intervals.

The Commissioner General should explain why the contract was extended granted despite the direct supervisor's non-recommendation. It is further recommended that the Commissioner General should explain why assessments are not performed as required by Section 13.1 of the contracts.

Management comment:

In his comment, the Accounting Officer indicated that no assessment reports were brought to the attention of the Commissioner-General.

The audit found that a Non-Namibian Commissioner heading the Directorate: Legal Services and Discipline has been appointed on contract effective from 21 November 1996. His contract has (ii) been extended consecutively with the latest extension of 2 years effective from 21 October 2020 to 20 October 2022. Furthermore the contract indicated that skills should be transferred to a Namibian, however no evidence could be provided to confirm if skills were indeed transferred.

It is recommended that the Commissioner General should explain what measures were in place since 1996 to ensure that Namibians obtain the skills to take over this position from the non-Namibian currently still occupying this post and should further indicate what measures are in place to ensure transfer of skills to Namibians for this position.

Management comment:

In his comment the Accounting Officer indicated that the position was never advertised because the incubant is knowledgeable and has vast experience. Attempts for under study was done, however the officers have been leaving for greener pastures. Currently there are two understudy under his supervision who need time to master other legal matters.

Audit found that only one officer from the legal service department who was the understudy resigned since 1996 until at the time of writing this report.

Bills payable 1.3.3

The Bills payable suspense account reflected a debit balance of N\$ 932 518.49, whereas this suspense account should have a credit balance.

It is recommended that the Accounting Officer should reconcile this suspense account.

Management comment:

The Accounting Officer indicated that this amount was migrated from the Funds Control System which was used before the introduction of the Intergrated Financial Management System. The ministry is unable to reconcile this amount due to unavailability of source documents. The ministry is currently engaging Treasury to write off this amount.

1.4 KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, were of most significance in my audit of the financial statements of the current period. I have determined that there were no key audit matters to communicate in my report.

2. SECTION B: COMPLIANCE AUDIT AND AUDIT OF PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

2.1 Compliance to laws and regulations

Subject Matter: Financial performance and the use of appropriated funds

I have audited the financial performance and the use of appropriated funds of the Ministry of Safety and Security for the financial year ended 31 March 2020.

2.2 Description of the subject matter information and audit scope

The audit aimed to determine whether the Ministry of Safety and Security used the appropriated funds in compliance with the Appropriation Act, 2019 (Act 2 of 2019); Appropriation Amendmend Act, 2019 (Act 3 of 2019); State Finance Act, 1991(Act 31 of 1991), Public Procurement Act, 2015 (Act 15 of 2015); Treasury Instructions and Public Procurement Regulations during the financial year ended 31 March 2020.

2.3 Audit objective

The objective of this compliance audit is to verify and assess whether Ministry of Safety and Security has complied with all laws and regulations that have an impact on the financial statements in accordance with the ISSAIs. This audit is an attestation engagement where the Ministry presented the subject matter information on which the auditor then gathered sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide reasonable assurance in forming an opinion. In forming an opinion, the findings and recommendations are taken into consideration.

In addition, the objective of this audit is to verify and assess whether public funds have been used appropriately and lawfully, and to report issues of non-compliance so that corrective action is taken and compliance to laws and regulations is strengthened.

2.4 Audit criteria

The audit criteria of this compliance audit are derived from the following laws and regulations stated below:

Namibia Correctional Service Act, 2012 (Act9 of 2012); Namibia Police Act, 1990 (Act 19 of 1990), Appropriation Act, 2019 (Act 2 of 2019); Appropriation Amendmend Act, 2019 (Act 3 of 2019); State Finance Act, 1991 (Act 31 of 1991); Public Procurement Act, 2015 (Act 15 of 2015); Treasury Instructions; and Public Procurement Regulations.

2.5 Summary of methods applied

I have audited the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2020 submitted by the Accounting Officer in order to determine whether this information complied with laws and regulations that governs them.

2.6 Key audit findings

2.6.1 Unauthorised expenditure

The following unauthorized expenditure occurred during the financial year under review and is hereby reported as such in terms of Section 27(6)(a) of the State Finance Act, 1991 (Act 31 of 1991):

(i) Although Treasury approvals were obtained to utilise certain expected savings for the defrayal of excess expenditure through virements during the year, eleven (11) subdivisions were exceeded by an amount of N\$ 1 258 170.99, which is unauthorised in terms of Section 6(a)(iii) of the Act.

It is recommended that the Accounting Officer should put measures in place to avoid overspending and ensures that planned activities are implemented within the approved budget. Furthermore, if specific activities are expected to exceed the budgeted funds due to unforeseen circumstances, funds should be viremented from activities where savings are expected.

2.7 Opinion on the subject matter

In my opinion, the Ministry of Safety and Security's financial performance and the use of appropriated funds is in compliance, in all material respects, with the State Finance Act, 1991(Act 31 of 1991), Appropriation Act, 2019 (Act 2 of 2019); Appropriation Amendment Act, 2019 (Act 3 of 2019); Public Procurement Act, 2015 (Act 15 of 2015), Treasury Instructions and the Public Procurement Regulations.

3. AUDIT OF PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

3.1 Description of the subject matter information and audit scope

A Performance Management System (PMS) is as a systematic process for achievement and improvement in obtaining results from an organization and its staff members by managing performance within an agreed framework consisting of objectives, outputs, key performance indicators (KPIs) and timeliness.

The primary function of the PMS is to enable Offices, Ministries and Agencies (OMAs) to achieve success in National Development Plans (NDP) and provide improvements in service delivery to the public.

The scoping of the key performance indicators was performed, by looking at the high-level statements, which are indicated in the Mandate of the Ministry of Safety and Security and the 2017-2022 Strategic Plan. Key performance indicators were selected based on what would be significant to the intended users and their usefulness in assessing the entity's achievements in terms of its service performance objectives

3.2 Audit objective

The objective of the Key Performance Indicator (KPI) audit is to provide assurance on whether the reported performance information measured against key performance indicators is useful, reliable and evidence-based. Key performance indicators also provide the basis for the (OMAs) to inform the Parliament, the public and other stakeholders on its strategic priorities, programs, and projects.

The objective of this audit is also to provide reasonable assurance to Parliament, members of the general public and other relevant stakeholder whether the reported actual performance has actually occurred and is based on the selected criteria.

3.3 Audit criteria

In this audit the performance information against the following selected criteria was tested:

- Reliability;
- Existence;
- Presentation:
- Measurability;
- Relevance
- Accuracy; and
- Completeness.

3.4 Summary of methods applied

I reviewed the annual plan and Annual Performance Report to confirm whether the Strategic Plan objectives, targets and KPIs have been correctly cascaded to the Annual Plan and the selected key performance indicators for the year under review are reported in the Directorate/Departments quarterly reports and Annual Performance Report.

Furthermore, I conducted the interviews and reviewed documents to obtain information that pertains to the selected key performance indicators.

3.5 Selection of key performance indicators

The following two (2) key performance indicators were selected out of the entire population of key performance indicators from the 2019/2020 Annual plan:

Strategic Objective	Key Performance Indicators
1. Improve road trarne law enforcement	Number of reduction in serious and fatal traffic accidents on national roads.
2. Improve organisational performance	Number of outreach programs conducted

3.6 Audit findings

-	INDICATOR/FINDING	IMPACT	RECOMMENDATION
	1. # OF REDUCTION IN SERIOUS AT ROADS	ND FATAL TRAFFIC	ACCIDENTS ON NATIONAL
1.1	The above indicator was tested against the sub-criteria of accuracy and completeness. The audit found that the Annual plan review report reflected that the above indicator is 78% achieved, however on the Annual Plan, there is no action steps documented and no supporting documents were provided for audit purposes; hence the reported information could not be verified.	reporting misleading information.	The Accounting Officer should ensure that the Annual Plan reflects action steps for all KPIs and should provide supporting documents for audit purposes are provided.
0.1	# OF OUTREACH PROGRAMS CON	DUCTED	
2.1	The audit tested the indicator against the sub-criteria of existence, presentation, measurability and relevance, which revealed a satisfactory outcome as proof of the actions steps taken on the indicator were provided, thus, the Ministry is	The Ministry may be reporting misleading information.	The Accounting Officer should ensure that information reported on Annual Plan Review are substantiated by verifiable documentation.

commented on it.	
However, sub-criteria of accuracy and completeness could not be tested, for the career fairs, exhibitions facilitated and attended as the supporting documenys for the actual outputs reported, were not	
provided for audit purposes.	

3.7 Conclusion on the subject matter

The selected Key Perpormance Indicator (Number of reduction in serious and fatal traffic accidents on national roads reduction in crime rate) could not be tested against actual performance because the Accounting Officer did not provide information for audit purposes.

While for the second KPI (Number of outreach programs conducted), the audit revealed a satisfactory outcome on the existence, presentation, measurability and relevance and unsatisfactory outcome on accuracy and completeness.

4. RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Section 12 and 13 of the State Finance Act1991, (Act 31 of1991) and relavent legislation, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible of overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

The management is also responsible for ensuring adherence to the Namibia Police Act, 1990(Act 19 of 1990), Police Administration manual 2006, Namibian Correctional Service Act, 2012(Act 9 of 2012), Appropriation Act, 2019 (Act 2 of 2019); Appropriation Amendmend Act, 2019 (Act 3 of 2018); State Finance Act, 1991 (Act 31 of 1991), Public Procurement Act, 2015 (Act 15 of 2015); Treasury Instructions and Public Procurement Regulations and to ensure that effective and efficient internal controls are implemented to enable compliance to the law that governs the performance information

5. AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue and auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the International Standards for Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs), will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

My powers and duties towards auditing and reporting on the financial statements and compliance to the subject matter are outlined under Section 25 (1) (c), Section 26 (1) and Section 27 (3) of the State Finance Act, 1991 (Act 31 of 1991).

As part of an audit in accordance with the International Standards for Supreme Audit Institutions, I exercise professional scepticism throughout the audit, I also;

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies uses and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence, obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.
- I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or, when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.
- It is also my responsibility is to express an opinion on whether the financial performance and the use of appropriated funds is, in all material respect is in compliance with the Appropriation Act, 2018 (Act 4 of 2018), Appropriation Amendment Act, 2018(Act 15 of 2018), State Finance Act, 1991(Act 31 of 1991), Public Procurement Act, 2015 (Act 15 of 2015), Treasury Instructions and Public Procurement Regulations. I have conducted the audit in accordance with International Standards for Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). Those standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the audited entity is in compliance with the authorities that govern the audited entity in the execution of its roles and responsibilities.

6. REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

The accounts were submitted not later than required by the Accounting Officer to the Auditor-General on 31 October 2020 in terms of Section 13 of the State Finance Act, 1991.

7. GENERAL INFORMATION

The financial statements, notes to the financial statements and general information provided by the Accounting Officer are attached as Annexure A.

8. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The co-operation and assistance by the management and staff of the Ministry of Safety and Security during the audit is appreciated.

WINDHOEK, JANUARY 2021

JUNIAS ETUNA KANDJEKE AUDITOR-GENERAL

Haugeri

1. AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1.1 Appropriation account

		_	2019/2020				2018/2019
					Variat	tions	<u> </u>
	Service		Authorized expenditure	Actual expenditure	Under- expenditure/ (Excess)	Percentage	- Actual expenditure
۸.	C-000 0.1 3.51 1.1	N\$	N\$	N\$	N\$	%	N\$
	Office of the Ministe	4 504 000					
	Original budget Additional budget	4 584 000					
	Plus: Virement	100 000 748 984	5 420 004	4 670 070 00			
	Tius. Viicinent	/48 984	5 432 984	4 670 853.88	762 130.12	14.03	4 924 911.8
02.	Office of the						
	Executive						
	Director:						
	Original budget	9 662 000					
	Less: Virement	(3 470 688)	6 191 312	5 975 647,41	215 664.59	3.48	6 294 000 64
		()	0.137.012	3 7/3 04/,41	213 004,39	3.46	6 384 000.64
03,	Office of the Inspector- Gener	al:					
	Original budget	193 071 000					
	Additional budget	500 000					1
	Plus: Virement	1 837 445	195 408 445	194 916 771.53	491 673,47	0.25	190 435 646.84
0.4	Off					0.20	190 133 010.04
U4 .	Office of the Commissioner -G	eneral:					
	Original budget	29 177 000					i
	Additional budget	50 000					
	Less: Virement	(3 810 687)	25 416 313	24 444 251.76	972 061.24	3.82	24 928 618.26
05.	Combating of				7,2001.21	3.02	24 920 010,20
	Crime:						
	Original budget	3 369 168 000					
	Additional budget	65 150 640					
	Plus: Virement	81 424 718					
]	Less: Reductions	(76 340 000)	3 439 403 358	3 398 179 252.83	41 224 105.17	1.20	3 239 213 965.99
	Post to the second				11 24 1 100,11,	1.20	3 239 213 903,99
	Fraining and Development: Original budget	04.704.000					
	Less: Virement	84 794 000	00 000 040				
,		(1 461 760)	83 332 240	82 850 129.36	482 110.64	0.58	84 779 905.30
17. 5	Special Field Force:						
	Original budget	365 351 000					
	Additional budget	5 000 000					
	Less: Virement	(12 861 600)					
I	Less: Reductions	(2 000 000)	355 489 400	354 787 590,33	701 809.67	0.20	267 502 002 04
				55.767550,55	701 005.07	0.20	367 502 983.24
8. V	IP Security Division:						
	Original budget	529 509 000					
	Additional budget	300 000					
	Less: Virement	(80 150 485)					
	Less: Reductions	(3 250 640)	446 407 875	435 112 101.35	11 295 773.65	2.53	396 900 584,51
a /	Communication:	1			Ī		
	Original budget	64 014 000					
	Additional Budget	5 000 000					
	Plus: Virement	22 074 000	91 088 000	95 510 505 50			
•	Tab, The Monte	22 074 000	91 088 000	87 510 705.59	3 577 294.41	3.93	74 832 434.13
0. F	orensic Science Services:				ł		
	Original budget	25 328 000					
	Additional budget	1 500 000			l		
L	ess: Virement	(919 130)					
L	ess: Reductions	(3 000 000)	22 908 870	22 059 881.78	848 988.22	3.71	21 932 366.77
1 10	Police Attache:					2111	_1
	Original budget	18 736 000					
	Additional budget	2 500 000				İ	
	ess: Virement	(1 643 188)	10 502 912	10 500 505 01	00.071.05		
	THE THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O	(1 043 100)	19 592 812	19 502 737.01	90 074.99	0.46	19 243 852.81

			2019/2020			2018/2019
			Variations			
Service		Authorized expenditure	Actual expenditure	Under- expenditure/ (Excess)	Percentage	Actual expenditure
Service	N\$	N\$	N\$	N\$	%	N\$
12. Correctional Operations: Original budget Addional budget Less: Virement Less: Reductions	801 225 000 23 743 360 (13 062 896) (19 253 360)	792 652 104	775 974 554.14	16 677 549,86	2,10	739 060 198.74
13. Corporate Management: Original budget Plus:Virements	45 488 000 15 226 513	60 714 513	59 970 924.05	743 588.95	1,22	40 824 394.70
14. Rehabilitation and re-intergration: Original budget Less; Virement	10 834 000 (3 931 226)	6 902 774	6 843 814,13	58 959.87	0.85	7 804 439.60
GRAND TOTAL		5 550 941 000	5 472 799 215.15	78 141 784.85	1.41	5 218 768 303.35

1.2 Standard subdivisions

			2019/2020	. <u> </u>	2018/2019
	Subdivision	Authorized expenditure	Actual expenditure	Under- expenditure/ (Excess)	Actual expenditure
		N\$	N\$	N\$	N\$
	ational:				
Curre 001.	ent expenditure: Personnel Remuneration	2 971 724 939	2.06#.00#.004.00		
001.	Employer's contribution to the	3 871 734 828	3 867 885 084.98	3 849 743.02	3 822 744 130.74
002.	G.I.P.F and M.P.O.O.B.P.F	493 264 562	492 184 368 .81	1 080 193.19	400 050 050 40
003.	Other conditions of service	134 047 861	133 644 988.85	402 872.15	485 053 870,48 116 873 911,30
005.	Employers' contribution to Social	101011,001	133 014 700.03	402 672.13	110 675 911,30
	Security	18 287 310	18 189 061.55	98 248.45	18 525 484.90
Total		4 517 334 561	4 511 903 504.19	5 431 056.81	4 443 197 397.42
	ent expenditure: Goods and other				
servic 021.	Travel and subsistence allowance	24 907 112	24 400 171 40	24 2 2 5 4 4 5	
022.	Materials and supplies	34 807 113 84 311 806	34 489 151.60 67 825 976.16	317 961.40	21 549 330.79
023.	Transport	150 669 580	137 675 137.73	16 485 829.84	33 475 008.73
024.	Utilities	235 880 318	229 051 596.16	12 994 442.27 6 828 721.84	125 588 526,07
025.	Maintenance expenses	4 983 560	4 889 094.28	94 465.72	181 874 445,60 6 673 702.03
026.	Property rental and related	700 200	1 003 03 1,25	74 405,72	0 073 702.03
	charges	2 790 582	2 790 581.90	0.10	1 937 301.06
027.	Other services and expenses	21 462 538	19 736 299.04	1 726 238.96	27 413 710.04
028.	Training Course, Symposiums and				
029.	Workshops	1 808 725	1 785 393,31	23 331.69	2 466 989.21
029.	Printing and advertisements Entertainment politicians	42 279 004	38 473 715.30	3 805 288.70	42 873 118.51
033.	Office refreshments	-	-	•	4 973.17
034.	Office entartainment\corporate	-	-	~	41 694.13
004	gifts	+	-	-	70 067.95
031.	Travel and subsistence allowance	63 000	44 699.56	18 300.44	<u></u>
033. 034.	Transport Utilities	12 675	7 674.14	5 000.86	-
034.	Property rental and related	38 341	38 318.85	22.15	-
030.	charges	3 416 200	2 758 581.58	657 618.42	
Total		582 523 422	539 566 219.61	42 957 222,39	443 968 867.29
Curre	nt expenditure: Subsidies, grants	332020 1.12	007 000 217.01	42 /31 222,39	443 906 607.29
and					
	ransfers	•			
040.	Security Contracts	293 100	293 028.22	71.78	H
041.	Membership fees and				
	subscriptions: International Individual and non-profit	888 547	886 111.09	2 435.91	709 466.92
	organisations				/4.4.4
Total	nganisations -	1 101 617	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		(136 901.06)
	Current expenditure	1 181 647	1 179 139.31	2 507.69	572 562.86
Total,	Current expenditure	5 101 039 650	5 052 648 863.11	48 390 786,89	4 887 738 830.57
Capita assets	l expenditure: Acquisition of				
	Furniture and office equipment	585 000	115 038.99	460.061.01	140.040.55
102.	Vehicles			469 961.01	149 810.50
	Operational equipment, machinery	6 074 000	5 705 404.04	368 595.96	ı
	and plants	5 163 000	4 757 696.02	405 202 00	11 000 05
Total	I	11 822 000		405 303.98	41 999.96
	One of the second secon		10 578 139.05	1 243 860.95	191 810.46
1 otal:	Operational expenditure	5 112 861 650	5 063 227 002.16	49 634 647.84	4 887 930 641.03

		2019/2020		2018/2019
Subdivision	Authorized expenditure	Actual expenditure	Under- expenditure/ (Excess)	Actual expenditure
	N\$	N\$	N\$	N\$
Development: Recurrent expenditure				
022. Materials and supplies	_	_	_	231 874.72
Total		_	-	231 874.72
Capital expenditure 101. Furniture and office equipment	13 850 000	11 637 778.40	2 212 221.60	2 559 426.16
105. Feasibility studies, design and supervision	25 674 000	21 771 575.55	3 902 424.45	1 926 682.94
106. Purchase of land and intangible assets	267 600	267 516.11	83.89	3 799 850.00
107. Construction, renovation and improvement	398 287 750	375 895 342.93	22 392 407.07	322 319 828.50
Total: Development expenditure	438 079 350	409 572 212,99	28 507 137.01	330 837 662.32
GRAND TOTAL	5 550 941 000	5 472 799 215.15	78 141 784.85	5 218 768 303.35

1.3 Departmental revenue

Revenue for the year is as follows:

Revenue head	Estimate	Actual revenue 2019/2020	More/(Less) than estimated	Actual revenue 2018/2019
	N\$	N\$	N\$	N\$
Private telephone calls		_	_	1 500.00
Unclaimed cheques	_	_	_	
Miscellaneous	1 610 000	3 070 455.41	1 460 455 41	54 899.79
Departmental fines	300 000		1 460 455.41	(814 455.97)
Lost equipment and stores	1	713 264.52	413 264.52	661 694.70
Copies of plans	130 000	63 283.04	(66 716.96)	44 842.29
Traffic control	1 350 000	1 677 487.00	327 487.00	1 683 388.00
	7 500 000	15 776 610.00	8 276 610.00	15 099 811,06
Mortuary fees	18 500	30 720.00	12 220.00	24 630.00
Sale of water & Electricity Employees	100 000	-	(100 000.00)	_
Prisoners Labour	200 000	21 247.18	(178 752.82)	34 177.08
Obsolete, Worn-out and Surplus	120 000	108 395.98	(11 604.02)	115 484.69
Total	11 328 500	21 461 463.13	10 132 963.13	16 905 971.64

1.4 Notes to the financial statements

1.4.1 Appropriation account: Explanations of variations exceeding 2% between the authorized and actual expenditure

(i)Underexpenditure

Main division 01 - Office of the Minister (N\$ 762 130.12 - 14.03%)

The under spending on the main division is as a result of a position of the Special Advisor to the Minister that was not filled. Provision was also made for leave gratuity for the Minister as his term in the office was coming to an end, which was not paid before the end of the financial year. The amount budgeted for entertainment was also not spent as a result of a vacant position of the Special Advisor that was not filled.

Main division 02 - Office of the Executive Director (N\$ 215 664.59 - 3.48%)

The position for a Deputy Director Security was advertised, interviewed and was not filled due to the pending vetting results.

Main division 04 - Office of the Commissioner General (N\$ 972 061.24 - 3.02%)

The position of Deputy Commissioner General who went on retirement was not filled. The underspending is also as a result of a Commissioner who went on early retirement and his position was not filled during the financial year.

Main division 08 -VIP Security (N\$ 11 295 773.65-2.53%)

The funds were budgeted for the uniforms and wet rations for the Cadet Constables that were on training, the uniforms and food were ordered but the supplier could not deliever before the end of the financial year under review and the purchase order had to be cancelled.

Main division 09- Communication (N\$ 3 577 294.41-3.93%)

The funds were intended to buy cartridges for the printing of conduct certificates, crime scene documents to court and accidents sketch plans. The cartridges were ordered, but the supplier could not deliever before the 25 March 2020 and the purchase order had to be cancelled.

Main division 10 – Forensic Science Services: (N\$ 848 988.22-3.71%)

The funds were budgeted for DNA reagents and consumables used in the Police Forensic Science Laboratory. These products are not available in the local market, but these are only available in the foreign market and foreign companies took too long to deliver, hence these products could not be delivered before the end of the financial year.

Main division 12- Correctional Operations: (N\$ 16 677 549.86-2.10%)

The underspending was caused by high staff turnover of which positions could not be filled. The underspending on capital pojects was caused by professional fees invoices that were not certified by the Ministry of Works and Transport until the financial year ended.

1.4.2 Revenue: Explanations of variations exceeding N\$ 200 000 between estimated and actual revenue:

Underestimation

Copies of plan -N\$ 327 487.00

This revenue was generated from charging the copies of statement of witness, copies of accident reports, copies of sketch plan and copies of post mortem reports. There was a greater public demand for the above mentioned services.

Miscellaneous revenue - N\$ 1 460 455.41

This revenue was collected from funds recovered from payroll transations, repayment of debts belonging to the previous financial years, replacement of police certificate and uniform ribbons, services rendered by the Namibian Police Helicopter, renting of Nampol training college hall and shooting range and payment of certificates of second hand goods. This revenue is normally collected from sources that do not have revenue heads which is difficult to estimate.

Traffic control- N\$ 8 276 610.00

There was an increase in the acquisition of vehicles by the public as well as increased traffic law violations for vehicle and individual certificate of conduct.

Departmental fines – N\$ 413 264.52

More members were charged and fined than anticipated

1.4.3 Miscellaneous revenue

The breakdown of miscellanoues revenue for the year under review is as follows:

Description	Amount
	N\$
Cellphone payment	8 066.00
Traffic Escort	480 117.81
Hiring of shooting range	2 520.00
Police Band Performance	15 000,00
Loss of Overall	1 129.35
Duplicate of Certificates	700.00
Cattle heads sold	800.00
Payment of Tender Documents	47 700.00
Replacement of Ribbons	140.00
Salary Refund	92 363,54
Cleared Payables	241 820.32
Hiring of Helicopter	27 367.00
Petrol Refund	101.67
Surplus	115.65
Treasury	392 936.78
Erongo region journal from previos FY	179 486.00
NCS Translation	214 969.15
Payroll deductions	1 365 122.14
TOTAL	3 070 455.41

2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 Bank accounts

The Accounting Officer reported ten (10) bank accounts with the following closing balances:

Name of account	Banking Institution	Balance as at 31 March 2020
Namibia High Commission – Pretoria, RSA	FNB	R629 203.12
Namibian Police Petty Cash Main Account	Standard Bank	N\$ 1 286 125.92
Namibia High Commission: Harare, Zimbabwe	Stanbic Bank	USD 42 360.34
Consulado Da Reublic da Namibia-Ondjiva	BFA	USD 6 553.86
Traffic Law Enforcement Support Account	Standard Bank	N\$ 3 494 391.25
Namibian Police Forensic Account	Nedbank	N\$ 1 154 197.36
Consulate General of the Republic of Namibia-Cape Town	FNB	R 13 094.21
Embaixada Da Namibia- Angola-Luanda	BFA	USD 1 060.61
High Commission of the Republic of Namibia in Lusaka	Stanbic Bank	USD 11 724.89
Nampol/Gender Based Violence Protection unit	Standard Bank	N\$ 128 978.86

2.2 Capital projects

	Approved	Actual expenditure	Approved appropriation	Actual expenditure	Total expenditure	Expected year
Name of the project	total budget	as at 31/03/2019	2019/2020	2019/2020	up to 31/03/2020	of completion
	SN	SN	SZ	SN	NS	S.
:	000 966 286	808 837 173.47	52 224 054	48 643 546.49	857 480 719.96	31-Mar-21
Police Station Upgrading	851 125 000	671 182 979.17	31 319 350	30 102 248.12	701 285 227.29	31-Mar-21
Construction of Police Accomodations (Housing Vallous Centre)	106 215 000	101 056 689.11	8 000 000	7 844 332.58	108 901 021.69	31-Mar-21
Rehabilitation and Kenovanion of Police Facilities	104 219 000	52 092 124.64	1 500 000	820 476.88	52 912 601.52	31-Mar-21
Construction P. J. Kaundu Trauming Cenure	51 874 000	26 312 513.87	2 830 000	2 530 220.54	28 842 734.41	31-Mar-21
Upgrading of Kuben Danger Ashipata Training Cenure	93 809 000	52 673 438.49	14 500 000	14 110 782.06	66 784 220.55	31-Mar-21
CONSTRUCTION OF USINKUKU CLASS C. FULICE STATION	55 034 000	45 837 610.59	t	•	45 837 610.59	31-Mar-18
Constitution of Chuisan Regional Treadynations	48 432 000	48 077 443.77	•	1	48 077 443.77	31-Mar-18
Construction of Zannozzi regional reconfiguration	56 267 000	53 055 599.72	•	•	53 055 599.72	31-Mar-18
Constitution of hardap regional measurements	186 705 000	193 376 325.32	2 976 340	2 976 334.56	196 352 659.88	31-Mar-18
CONSTRUCTION Of CONTROL INCREMENTAL CONTROL CO	72 250 000	1 264 000.00	1 434 000	399 034.70	1 663 034.70	31-Mar-21
r utenases of rains Constantion of Oriomnice Class B Police Station	64 490 000	66 019 373.08	1	-	66 019 373.08	31-Mar-18
CONSTRUCTION OF Objections of the State of t	77 471 000	57 590 847.39	11 000 000	11 000 000:00	68 590 847.39	31-Mar-21
Constitution of Osharia regional recarduations	93 583 000	25 683 433.90	5 000 000	4 709 128.92	30 392 562.82	31-Mar-21
Constitution of Israel Faulty 19auto Conege	319 898 000	342 880 000.87	000 000 09	55 733 557.86	398 613 558.73	31-Mar-21
Constitution of Additional Offices within the Industrial Areacy, and the Constitution of Additional Liverance of the Constitution of the Constitut	91 839 000	6 000 000.00	3 610 000	3 610 000.00	9 610 000.00	31-Mar-21
Constitution of Mayango Negloual Treadquarters	59 384 000	44 665 474.06			44 665 474.06	31-Mar-18
Constitution of Okangwall Folice Station	118 466 000	21 679 735.26	6 700 000	5 306 363.17	26 986 098.43	31-Mar-21
CONSTRUCTION OF INVALENTALLY CLASS OF OURCE STATION	277 664 000	131 838 721.96	108 499 606	106 300 849.30	238 139 571.26	31-Mar-22
Constitution of Forensic Laboratory	400 000 000	209 807 854.70	36 140 000	35 279 529.94	245 087 384.64	31-Mar-21
Constitution of Funera Berianal Headonstres	87 000 000	ı	4 000 000	2 242 363.62	2 242 363.62	31-Mar-21
CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE AND	138 000 000	•	5 000 000	5 000 000.00	\$ 000 000.00	31-Mar-22
	000 000 89	1	900 009 9	5 484 466.77	5 484 466.77	31-Mar-21
Construction of Noordoewer Police Station	120 000 000	•	1 400 000	670 362.82	670 362.82	31-Mar-21
Construction of Babylon Police Station	000 000 68	,	2 660 000	1 324 566.68	1 324 566.68	31-Mar-21
Construction of Ongha Police Station		1	1 601 600	1 601 587.38	1 601 587.38	
Conversion of Walvisbay Correctional Facility Unit Management	000 00\$ 68	8 603 373.84	2 716 600	2 716 455.00	11 319 828.84	31-Mar-21
Construction of Outani Correctional Facility	311 608 000	100 280 670.49	'		100 280 670.49	31-Mar-19
COUSTUCION OF COURT CONCENTS A WOLLD	212 510 000	86 472 837.02	13 600 000	11 226 309.00		31-Mar-31
MIDOF KEROVZHORS ABU KERADILITARION		74 100 303 56			34 480 283 56	31-Mar-30

Expected year	от сопристоп	31-Mar-10	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-19	30-Mar-22	31-Mar-28	31-Mar-37	31-Mar-22	3 I-Mar 23	31-Mar 24	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	_	,	31-Mar-32	31-Mar-25	<u> </u>	
Total expenditure as at as At	N\$	65 508 533.31	37 699 731.12	1 549 850.00	27 868 653.45	248 972 652.62	47 166 678.18	1 795 614.73	1 423 670.57	1 320 712.50	3 401 329.23	6 787 307.15	41 433.12	5 104 560 75	2 517 516 11	6 556 812.21	11 728 983.03	4 018 845 058.75
Actual expenditure	SX.	173 207.97	1	1	874 019.86	4 530 367.97	7 899 568.09	1 772 039.73	1 324 537.13	780 712.50	3 322 683.48	6 661 982.15	41 433,12	4 104 560.75	267 516.11	6 458 084.71	11 728 983.03	409 572 212.99
Approved appropriation 2019/2020	\$Z	173 400	ı	Ī	874 100	4 979 500	8 400 000	1 884 000	1 799 400	781 600	4 720 000	7 507 200	41 500	4 403 400	267 600	6 488 900	12 447 200	438 079 350
Actual expenditure as at 31 March 2019	SN.	65 335 325.34	37 699 731.12	1 549 850.00	26 994 633.59	244 442 284.65	39 267 110.09	23 575.00	99 133.44	540 000.00	78 645.75	125 325.00	ı	1 000 000:00	2 250 000.00	98 727.50	'	3 609 272 845.76
Approved total budget	\$N	52 373 000	000 002 29	201 660 000	4 804 000	426 655 000	932 727 000	51 365 000	20 000 000	1 500 000	76 000 000	20 000 000	•	000 008 86	34 500 000	75 150 000	•	7 793 831 000
Name of the project		Conversion of Windhoek Correctional Facility Unit Management	Constriction of a New Swakommand Construction of the C	Conversion Divindo Correctional facility, Their Management	Construction of Pvariette Shibones Correctional Easts.	Construction and Renoration of Official Accounts 12:	Construction of Walnicher Correction Exalts 12. 12.	Omarium Correctional Facility Panameter, and Eugenesis	North-Eastern Regional Command Headonarters Communication	Gobabis Corretional Facility Renovation and Perension	Construction of new Pieery Farm at Okarvali Village	Installation of New Hot Water Releniation System and Bire Summers of Commenced in C	Hardap Correctional Facility	Installation and upgrade of Intergrated Security system at E.Shikongo CF, and Windhoek CF including Cellphone blockade	Construction of New Grootfontein Coorectional Facility	Construction of INCS and Central Depot Renovations and Deforbilitations of training	Total	LOMI

2.3 Compensation payments (Valid Claims against the State)

During the financial year under review, the Accounting Officer reported that the Ministry made compensation payments amounting to N\$ 3 065 818.12 with the necessary Treasury approvals.

2.4 Bursary and study assistance

The Accounting Officer reported that during the financial year under review, the Ministry provided study assistance amounting to N\$ 687 428.20 to five (5) staff members to pursue their studies at various institutions of higher learning.

2.5 Aircraft

The Accounting Officer reported the following expenditure on various aircrafts as follows:

Description	Amount
	N\$
Fuel	89 626,96
Maintenance / Other expenditure	1 065 194.08
Insurance	3 591 503.88
Landing Fees	2 000.00
Total	4 748 324.92

Revenue to the amount of N\$ 27 367.00 was received in respect of the renting/hiring of the aircraft.

2.6 Livestock

The Accounting Officer reported the following livestock as at 31 March 2020:

Description	Balance as at 31/03/2020
Cattle	318
Sheep	117
Goats	201
Pigs	2 033
Dogs	41
Horses	45

2.7 Losses: Irregularities by persons employed by Government

The Accounting Officer reported thirteen (13) cases of losses through irregularities by persons employed by the Government, during the financial year under review amounting to N\$ 62 824.26.

2.8 Losses and damages through unavoidable causes

The Accounting Officer reported losses and damages through unavoidable causes amounting to N\$ 424 045.35.

2.9 Wellness

During the financial year under review, the Accounting Officer reported that no budgetary provision was made for wellness activities, hence no expenditure was incurred.

2.10 Donations to Government

During the financial year under review, the Ministry received donations, valued at N\$ 3 376 029.00 from various donors with the necessary Treasury approval:

2.11 Suspense accounts

Fifteen (15) suspense accounts had outstanding balances at the end of the financial year under review, six (6) with credit and nine (9) with debit balances as follows:

Details	Balance as at 31 March 2020 Debit/(Credit)
Pagaint	N\$
Receipt suspense	3 324 127.91
Petty Cash	392 936.78
S&T advance suspense account	(2 446 726.46)
Rejection account	(385 844.58)
Bills payable	932 518.49
Electronic Fund Transfer Clearing Account (EFT)	(183.25)
First Capital Housing Loan Fund	7 053.16
Social Security	26.24
Taxcode	0.54
Namibian Police Assistance Fund	1 999.63
Pension funds: GIPF	(614.57)
Standard Bank (Windhoek)	6 229.95
Bank Windhoek Main Branch	5 195.00
Debt Establishment	(49 406.93)
Helao Nafidi Town Council	(1 958.58)

2.12 Trade account (Auditor to get back on where the money is kept)

The Accounting Officer reported that the Ministry operated a trade account with a profit of N\$ 297 533.85 as at 31 March 2020.

2.13 Points keeping stock and annual stocktaking

The Accounting Officer reported that the Ministry has thirty-eight (38) points keeping stock with a combined value of stock on hand amounting to N\$ 1 593 617 614.62. Stocktaking was carried out at all points during the financial year under review. A surplus of N\$ 186 655, 42, deficiencies of N\$ 186 403.00 and obsolete/worn-out items amounting to N\$ 1 280 399.96 were reported.

2.14 Stores and depots

The Accouting Officer reported thirty-three (33) stores and depots for the financial year under review with a total value of stock amounting to N\$ 478 652 033.46.

2.15 Vehicle accidents

The Accounting Officer reported a total of three hundred and sixty-four (364) motor vehicle accidents with an estimated repair cost of N\$ 3 158 378.26 during the year under review. Thirty nine (39) vehicles were repaired at a cost of N\$ 617 604.06

2.16 Internal inspections

The Accounting Officer reported the following internal inspections for the year under review:

Category of inspection	Number of inspection points	Number of points inspected
Financial	32	8
Stock and equipment	49	25
Others: Administration	32	8_
Total	113	41
Percentage	100%	25%

2.17 Fixed property bought

The Accounting Officer reported an amount of N\$ 8 500 000 spend to buy fixed property with 14 unit (flats) at Erf no 237 Nkurenkuru.

2.18 Debt to Government

The Accounting Officer reported an amount of N\$ 783 253.78 in respect of debts owed to the Government.

2.19 Exemption from procurement procedures

The Accounting Officer reported that the following projects were exempted from the normal procurement

procedures.

Number	Project name	Amount
11001		N\$
1	Kavango West Police Reegional Headquarters	93 839 000
2	Kunene Police Reegional Headquarters	62 300 000
2	Nkurenkuru Class Police Station	120 466 000
<i>3</i>	Kuisebmund Police Station	140 000 000
5	Babylon Police Station	75 869 000
6	Noordoewer Police Station	91 500 000
6	Ongha Police Station	91 000 000
8	VIPP Barracks Near the State House	

2.20 Vehicles on hand

The Accounting Officer reported vehicles on hand for the y ear under review as follows:

Own fleet	Sedan	Pick-up and Combies	Heavy Vehicles (Lorries, Tractors & Busses	Motor Bikes	Other (Trailors & Caravans)	Value
Opening Balance 1/04/2019 Acquisition 2019/2020 Donations Written off 2019/2020	686	2077 15 4 (185)	157 - - (16)	98 - - (1)	190 - 1 (11)	518 732 658.50 5 719 557.82 2 173 966.33 (6 326 431.10)
Balance on 31 March 2020	625	1911	141	97	180	520 299 751.55

WINDHOEK 30-10-2020

MR. ETIENNE MARITZ ACCOUNTING OFFICER